



DECISION

Fair Work Act 2009
s.185—Enterprise agreement

Calvary Health Care Tasmania Limited
(AG2021/5215)

CALVARY HEALTH CARE TASMANIA NURSING STAFF ENTERPRISE AGREEMENT 2020

Health and welfare services

COMMISSIONER LEE

MELBOURNE, 1 JUNE 2021

Application for approval of the Calvary Health Care Tasmania Nursing Staff Enterprise Agreement 2020.

[1] An application has been made for approval of an enterprise agreement known as the *Calvary Health Care Tasmania Nursing Staff Enterprise Agreement 2020* (the Agreement). The application was made pursuant to s.185 of the *Fair Work Act 2009* (the Act). It has been made by Calvary Health Care Tasmania Limited. The Agreement is a single enterprise agreement.

[2] I am satisfied that each of the requirements of ss.186, 187 and 188 as are relevant to this application for approval have been met.

[3] The Health Services Union of Australia and the Australian Nursing and Midwifery Federation, being bargaining representatives for the Agreement, have each given notice under s.183 of the Act that it wants the Agreement to cover it. In accordance with s.201(2) I note that the Agreement covers the organisations.

[4] The Agreement is approved and, in accordance with s.54 of the Act, will operate from 8 June 2021. The nominal expiry date of the Agreement is 1 July 2022.



COMMISSIONER

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CALVARY HEALTH CARE TASMANIA

NURSING STAFF

ENTERPRISE AGREEMENT

2020

ENTERPRISE AGREEMENT

1. ARRANGEMENT

The Agreement is arranged as follows:

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Part 1 – Application and Operation

2. NAME OF THE AGREEMENT

This agreement shall be known as the Calvary Health Care Tasmania Nursing Staff Enterprise Agreement 2020 (“the Agreement”).

3. DEFINITIONS

In this Agreement, unless the contrary intention appears:

- (a) **“Afternoon shift”** means any shift terminating between 6.00pm and 11.30pm.
- (b) **“Agreement”** means the Calvary Health Care Tasmania Nursing Staff Enterprise Agreement 2020.
- (c) **“ANMF”** means the Australian Nursing and Midwifery Federation (Tasmanian Branch)
- (d) **“Casual Employee”** means a person who either relieves a full-time or part-time Employee; or is engaged on an irregular basis for specific duties.
- (e) **“Clinical unit”** means an area of nursing practice, as agreed between the parties, and without limiting the foregoing shall include a ward, area or place of nursing practice with a patient/client population.
- (f) **“Day shift”** means a shift worked between the hours of 6.00am and 6.00pm but does not include an Employee working on Saturday or Sunday.
- (g) **“Day worker”** means an Employee whose weekly ordinary hours of work are performed between the period of 6.00am and 6.00pm on the days Monday to Friday inclusive.
- (h) **“Employer”** means Calvary Health Care Tasmania Ltd (ABN 291 299 267 90)
- (i) **“Employee”** means nursing Employees employed by the Employer in the classifications listed at Schedule A and employed in the Tasmanian Facilities as listed in Appendix C
- (j) **“Executive staff”** means Director of Clinical Services.
- (k) **“Full-time Employee”** means a person engaged to work for 38 ordinary hours per week in accordance with clause 13(a).
- (l) **“FWC”** means the Fair Work Commission, the statutory body established under the Fair Work Act or any successor organisation established under Commonwealth legislation which performs the functions of conciliation and arbitration.
- (m) **“HACSU”** means the Health Services Union Tasmania Branch
- (n) **“Management unit”** means for the purpose of these definitions a grouping of units as determined by the Employer.
- (o) **“Night shift”** means a shift that is not day work, or a day or afternoon shift.
- (p) **“NES”** means National Employment Standards.

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- (q) **“Ordinary rate ”** means the base rate of pay for the Employee’s classification as set out at Schedule 2 of the Agreement, but does not include overtime penalty rates, allowances, loadings, shift penalties, incentives, bonuses and other ancillary payments of a like nature. Notwithstanding the exclusion of allowances, the Ordinary rate does include any post graduate allowance payable to an Employee in accordance with clause 33 of this Agreement.
- (r) **“Part-time Employee”** means an Employee, other than a full-time Employee or casual Employee, engaged to work regularly in each pay period for less hours than an equivalently classified full-time Employee.
- (s) **“Part-time shift worker”** means a part-time Employee who holds a position on a roster.
- (t) **“Roster”** means a documented arrangement setting out clearly the names of the Employees required to work in accordance with such roster, the days, dates and hours during which each Employee is required to attend for duty.
- (u) **“Shift worker”** means an Employee other than a day worker.
- (v) **“Superannuation Law”** means any requirement under the Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993 (Cth), Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Regulations 1994 (Cth), Superannuation Guarantee (Administration) Act 1992 (Cth), Superannuation Guarantee (Administration) Regulations 1993 (Cth), Superannuation Guarantee Charge Act 1992 (Cth), and any other present or future legislation which the Employer must comply with to satisfy its superannuation obligations to the Employees.
- (w) **“Year of service”** shall mean 1976 hours of actual service in an approved establishment, including public holidays, paid annual leave, and paid sick leave.
- (x) **“Fair Work Act”** shall mean the *Fair Work Act 2009*, as amended.
- (y) ***immediate family*** of an Employee means:
- (i) a spouse, de facto partner, child, parent, grandparent, grandchild or sibling of the Employee; or
 - (ii) a child, parent (including a foster parent and legal guardian), grandparent, grandchild or sibling of a spouse or de facto partner of the Employee.
 - (iii) ***“spouse”*** includes a former spouse.
 - (iv) ***de facto partner*** of an Employee:
 - (1) means a person who, although not legally married to the Employee, lives with the Employee in a relationship as a couple on a genuine domestic basis (whether the Employee and the person are of the same sex or different sexes); and
 - (2) includes a former de facto partner of the Employee.
 - (v) ***Child*** means a child or an adult child (including an adopted child, a step child, a foster child or an ex nuptial child).

4. COVERAGE

The Agreement shall cover:

- (a) Calvary Health Care Tasmania (A.B.N. 291 299 267 90), with regards to its operations at the Lenah Valley Campus, St John's Campus, St Luke's Campus and St Vincent's Campus in the State of Tasmania (**the Employer**).
- (b) Nursing Employees employed by the Employer as classified in Clause 12.
- (c) This Agreement is made under section 172 of the *Fair Work Act*. The Employer will take the necessary steps to seek approval of this Agreement under section 186 of the Act.
- (d) The Employer will formally advise the ANMF and HACSU that the Agreement is made in order for the ANMF and HACSU to apply under section 183 of the *Fair Work Act* to be covered by the Agreement.
- (e) It is the intention of this Agreement that the ANMF and HACSU will be covered by this Agreement.

5. SCOPE OF THE AGREEMENT

The Agreement contains all the terms and conditions of employment for Employees covered by the Agreement and shall apply to nursing Employees employed by the Employer at the hospitals listed at 4(a).

6. DATE AND PERIOD OF OPERATION

This Agreement shall commence operation from the 7th day after the Agreement is approved by the FWC and shall remain in force until the nominal expiry date of 1 July 2022 and thereafter in accordance with the Fair Work Act.

The parties agree that discussions shall commence for a new agreement no later than six months prior to the expiry date of the Agreement.

7. RELATIONSHIP TO NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT STANDARDS

Entitlements in accordance with the NES are provided for under the Fair Work Act. Where this Agreement also has provisions regarding matters dealt with under the NES and the provisions in the NES set out in the Fair Work Act are more favourable to an Employee in a particular respect than those provisions, then the NES will prevail in that respect and the provisions dealing with that matter in this Agreement will have no effect in respect of that Employee. The provisions in this Agreement otherwise apply.

8. FLEXIBILITY ARRANGEMENT

- (a) The Employer and an Employee covered by this enterprise agreement may agree to make an individual flexibility arrangement to vary the effect of terms of the agreement if:
 - (i) the agreement deals with 1 or more of the following matters:
 - (1) arrangements about when work is performed;
 - (2) overtime rates;
 - (3) penalty rates;
 - (4) allowances;
 - (5) leave loading; and
 - (ii) the arrangement meets the genuine needs of the Employer and Employee in relation to 1 or more of the matters mentioned in paragraph (a)(i); and
 - (iii) The Employer and the individual Employee must have genuinely made the agreement without coercion or duress.
- (b) The Employer must ensure that the terms of the individual flexibility arrangement:
 - (i) are about permitted matters under section 172 of the *Fair Work Act 2009*; and
 - (ii) are not unlawful terms under section 194 of the *Fair Work Act 2009*; and
 - (iii) result in the Employee being better off overall than the Employee would be if no arrangement was made.
- (c) The Employer must ensure that the individual flexibility arrangement:
 - (i) is in writing; and
 - (ii) includes the name of the Employer and Employee; and
 - (iii) is signed by the Employer and Employee and if the Employee is under 18 years of age, signed by a parent or guardian of the Employee; and
 - (iv) includes details of:
 - (1) the terms of the enterprise agreement that will be varied by the arrangement; and
 - (2) how the arrangement will vary the effect of the terms; and
 - (3) how the Employee will be better off overall in relation to the terms and conditions of his or her employment as a result of the arrangement; and
 - (v) states the day on which the arrangement commences.
- (d) The Employer must give the Employee a copy of the individual flexibility arrangement within 14 days after it is agreed to.

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- (e) The Employer or Employee may terminate the individual flexibility arrangement:
 - (i) by giving no more than 28 days written notice to the other party to the arrangement; or
 - (ii) if the Employer and Employee agree in writing — at any time.
 - (f) The relevant Employee may appoint a representative for the purposes of the procedures in this term. A representative may include the ANMF and/ or the HACSU.

9. FLEXIBLE WORKING ARRANGEMENTS

The NES provides particular Employees with an entitlement to request a flexible working arrangement. In addition to the NES, if the Employer does not agree to the Employee's request, the Employer must discuss the request with the Employee to better understand the Employee's circumstances and then the Employer must provide available counter-proposals to the Employee in writing. Any agreed arrangement must be recorded in writing.

Part 2 – Consultation and Dispute Resolution

10. CONSULTATION REGARDING CHANGE

- (a) This term applies if the Employer:
 - (i) has made a definite decision to introduce a major change to production, program, organisation, structure or technology in relation to its enterprise that is likely to have a significant effect on the Employees; or
 - (ii) proposes to introduce a change to the regular roster or ordinary hours of work of Employees.

Major change

- (b) For a major change referred to in (a)(i):
 - (i) the Employer must notify the relevant employees of the decision to introduce the major change; and
 - (ii) subclauses (c) to (i) apply.
- (c) The relevant Employees may appoint a representative for the purposes of the procedures in this term. A representative may include the ANMF and/ or the HACSU.
- (d) If:
 - (i) a relevant Employee appoints, or relevant employees appoint, a representative for the purposes of consultation; and
 - (ii) the Employee or employees advise the Employer of the identity of the representative;

the Employer must recognise the representative.

- (e) As soon as practicable after making its decision, the Employer must:
 - (i) discuss with the relevant Employees:

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- (1) the introduction of the change; and
 - (2) the effect the change is likely to have on the Employees; and
 - (3) measures the Employer is taking to avert or mitigate the adverse effect of the change on the Employees; and
 - (ii) for the purposes of the discussion--provide, in writing, to the relevant employees:
 - (1) all relevant information about the change including the nature of the change proposed; and
 - (2) information about the expected effects of the change on the employees; and
 - (3) any other matters likely to affect the employees.
 - (f) However, the Employer is not required to disclose confidential or commercially sensitive information to the relevant Employees.
 - (g) The Employer must give prompt and genuine consideration to matters raised about the major change by the relevant Employees.
 - (h) If a term in this Agreement provides for a major change to production, program, organisation, structure or technology in relation to the enterprise of the Employer, the requirements set out in (b)(i) and subclauses (c) and (e) are taken not to apply.
 - (i) In this term, a major change is **likely to have a significant effect on employees** if it results in the termination of the employment of Employees; or major change to the composition, operation or size of the Employer's workforce or to the skills required of Employees; or the elimination or diminution of job opportunities (including opportunities for promotion or tenure); or the alteration of hours of work; or the need to retrain Employees; or the need to relocate employees to another workplace; or the restructuring of jobs.

Change to regular roster or ordinary hours of work

- (j) For a change referred to in (a)(ii):
 - (i) the Employer must notify the relevant Employees of the proposed change; and
 - (ii) subclauses (k) to (o) apply.
- (k) The relevant Employees may appoint a representative for the purposes of the procedures in this term.
- (l) If:
 - (i) a relevant Employee appoints, or relevant Employees appoint, a representative for the purposes of consultation; and
 - (ii) the Employee or Employees advise the Employer of the identity of the representative;

the Employer must recognise the representative.

- (m) As soon as practicable after proposing to introduce the change, the Employer must:

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- (i) discuss with the relevant Employees the introduction of the change; and
 - (ii) for the purposes of the discussion--provide to the relevant Employees:
 - (1) all relevant information about the change, including the nature of the change; and
 - (2) information about what the Employer reasonably believes will be the effects of the change on the Employees; and
 - (3) information about any other matters that the Employer reasonably believes are likely to affect the Employees; and
 - (iii) invite the relevant Employees to give their views about the impact of the change (including any impact in relation to their family or caring responsibilities).
 - (n) However, the Employer is not required to disclose confidential or commercially sensitive information to the relevant Employees.
 - (o) The Employer must give prompt and genuine consideration to matters raised about the change by the relevant Employees.
 - (p) In this term:

"relevant Employees" means the Employees who may be affected by a change referred to in (a).

11. DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCEDURE

- (a) In the event of a dispute in relation to a matter arising under this Agreement or the NES, in the first instance the parties will attempt to resolve the matter at the workplace by discussions between the Employee or Employees concerned and the relevant supervisor and, if such discussions do not resolve the dispute, by discussions between the Employee or Employees concerned and more senior levels of management as appropriate.
- (b) A party to the dispute may appoint another person, organisation or association to accompany or represent them in relation to the dispute.
- (c) If a dispute in relation to a matter arising under the Agreement or the NES is unable to be resolved at the workplace, and all agreed steps for resolving it have been taken, the dispute may be referred to the FWC for resolution by conciliation and, where the matter in dispute remains unresolved, arbitration.
- (d) It is a term of this Agreement that while the dispute resolution procedure is being conducted work shall continue according to the custom and practice/ status quo before the grievance arose unless an Employee has a reasonable concern about an imminent risk to his or her health or safety.
- (e) If arbitration is necessary the FWC may exercise the procedural powers in relation to hearings, witnesses, evidence and submissions which are necessary to make the arbitration effective.
- (f) For the avoidance of doubt, Employee grievances are included in the matters to be dealt with in accordance with the dispute resolution procedure of the Agreement.

Part 3 – The Employment Relationship

12. EMPLOYMENT CATEGORIES AND CONTRACT OF EMPLOYMENT

Each Employee will:

- (a) be employed on either a full-time, part-time or casual basis in accordance with the terms of this Agreement;
- (b) at the time of engagement, be informed in writing by the Employer whether they are employed on a full-time, part-time or casual basis, shift worker or day worker and their classification.

13. EMPLOYMENT CATEGORIES

(a) Full-time Employees

A full-time Employee is one who is engaged to work 38 hours per week or an average of 38 hours per week pursuant to Clause 15 - Hours of Work.

(b) Part-time Employees

- (i) A part-time Employee is an Employee who is engaged to work less than an average of 38 ordinary hours per week and whose hours of work are reasonably predictable. Before commencing part-time employment, the Employer and Employee will agree in writing the guaranteed minimum number of hours to be worked and the rostering arrangements which will apply to those hours. The terms of the agreement may be varied by agreement and recorded in writing. The terms of this Agreement will apply on a pro rata basis to part-time Employees on the basis that the ordinary weekly hours for full-time Employees are 38.

(ii) Penalty rates

The penalty rates prescribed for full-time Employees for work on Saturdays, Sundays and public holidays are applicable to part-time Employees.

(iii) Minimum work provided

Part-time Employees shall be provided with a minimum of three (3) continuous hours work or, alternatively, paid for a minimum of three (3) hours on each occasion they are required to attend for work.

(iv) Review of Contracted Hours

Where the Employee is regularly working more than their specified contract hours they may request that their contracted hours are reviewed by the Employer. The Employer will formally respond to the request by the Employee stating the reasons if the request is not agreed to. The Employer will not unreasonably reject the request. The Employer will also take into account that the hours worked in the following circumstances will not be incorporated to any adjustment made:

- (1) if the increase in hours is as a direct result of an Employee being absent on leave, such as for example, annual leave, long service leave, maternity leave, workers compensation; and

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- (2) if the increase in hours is due to a temporary increase in hours only due, for example, to the specific needs of a patient.

Any adjusted contracted hours resulting from a review by the Employer should however, be such as to readily reflect roster cycles and shift configurations utilised at the Hospital.

(c) Casual Employees

(i) Terms of engagement

(1) A casual Employee:

- (A) is an Employee engaged as such on an hourly basis;
- (B) as from the date the Agreement comes into operation, will be paid a minimum of three hours pay for each shift.

(ii) Payment for ordinary time

- (1) A casual Employee for working ordinary time shall be paid per hour 1/38th of the weekly rates prescribed for the work which he/she performs plus a casual loading of 25%.
- (2) The casual loading is paid instead of annual leave, paid personal leave, public holidays not worked, notice of termination and redundancy payments.

(iii) Payment for shift, weekend work and public holidays

- (1) A casual Employee will be paid shift and weekend penalties applied to the casual rate (inclusive of the casual loading).
- (2) From the date the Agreement comes into operation a casual Employee who works a public holiday will be paid at:
 - (A) Hobart Employees: the rate of double time and a half the ordinary rate (in lieu of the casual loading) for such time worked;
 - (B) Launceston Employees: the rate of 2.125% the ordinary rate (in lieu of the casual loading) for such time worked. Effective from the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2021 – the rate of double time and a half the ordinary rate (in lieu of the casual loading) for such time worked.
- (3) A casual Employee will be paid overtime penalties calculated on the ordinary rate (in lieu of the casual loading).

(iv) Notice of Work

The Employer will provide the following notice of the cancellation of a shift:

- (1) For AM shifts if less than 10 hours' notice is given, unless otherwise agreed, a payment of 3 hours single time will be made.
- (2) For PM shifts if less than 3 hours' notice is given, unless otherwise agreed, a payment of 3 hours single time will be made.

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- (3) For Night shifts, if less than 6 hours' notice is given, unless otherwise agreed, a payment of 3 hours single time will be made.
 - (4) A Casual Employee who has their shift cancelled with less than the requisite notice in subclause (d)(i), (ii) and (iii) and who has incurred child care fees as a result, shall on presentation of receipts to the Employer, be entitled to a full reimbursement of those child care costs provided that the claim for reimbursement must be made to the Employer within 2 pay fortnights of incurring the loss.

(d) Casual conversion

A casual Employee who has been rostered on a regular and systematic basis over 26 weeks, (provided that the rostering pattern has not resulted from coverage for extended absences such as maternity leave, long service leave, workers compensation leave and extended sick leave), has the right to request conversion to permanent employment and that request will not be unreasonably refused by the Employer subject to operational requirements.

14. STAFFING LEVELS

- (a) In accordance with the Workload Principles set out at Schedule 4 of this Agreement, Calvary is committed to ensuring that staffing levels are appropriate, in order to ensure the delivery of high quality patient care and a safe working environment for nurses.

It is acknowledged that existing flexibility in respect of staffing will be maintained. The current practice of staffing based on collaboration between Nursing Administration and Ward/unit management will continue on a shift basis, taking into account both occupancy and patient acuity.

- (b) Should any nurse or group of nurses in any one ward or unit feel the workloads are unreasonably heavy, on a regular basis, then they have a responsibility to discuss their concerns with their nurse manager (**Notification Date**). The nurse unit manager shall investigate any issue. If the nurse unit manager is unable to resolve the workload issue or respond, the issue is to be referred to the Director of Clinical Services within a period of 7 days from the Notification Date. The Employee may be represented by any nominated Employee representative which may be a union representative.

It is the intent of the parties that the issue be initially dealt with as close to the source as possible, with graduated steps for further discussion and resolution at higher authority levels where necessary. If the matter is not settled with a reasonable period of time, the Employee (or their nominated Employee representative) may utilise the dispute settlement procedure of this Agreement.

- (c) Staffing Levels is an agenda item for all unit/ward meetings and is to be reviewed collaboratively. Such meetings should occur on a regular basis and are the forum to receive feedback on progress of any particular issue regarding staffing. Rostering patterns, meal breaks and staff mix are to be reviewed by the team with any recommendations to address issues to be presented, in writing and with specific examples, to the Director of Clinical Services.

- (d) In determining whether staffing levels are appropriate, factors that should be considered include (but are not limited to): occupancy, patient acuity, the skill level of staff, the availability of support staff, patient movements - admissions, discharges and transfers, the availability of support staff, practice within comparative wards/units within other Calvary facilities and professional nursing standards and conduct as determined by the appropriate regulatory authorities.

Part 4 – Hours of Work and Rostering

15. HOURS OF WORK

- (a) The ordinary hours of work for a full-time Employee will be an average of 76 hours per fortnight or 152 hours over 28 days.
- (b) The ordinary hours of work per day will be a maximum of 8 hours, provided that an Employee and the Employer may mutually agree:
 - (i) to a maximum of 10 ordinary hours in a day;
 - (ii) to a maximum of 12 ordinary hours in a day, to be worked in accordance with Clause 17 of the Agreement.
- (c) **Rostered Day Off**

Each Employee will be free from duty for a minimum of two consecutive days off each week, except where by mutual agreement between the Employer and the Employee(s) concerned, alternative arrangements are made.
- (d) **Span of Hours**
 - (i) The ordinary hours of work for a day worker will be between 6.00am and 6.00pm Monday to Friday.
 - (ii) A shift worker is an Employee who is regularly rostered to work their ordinary hours of work outside the ordinary hours of a day worker as defined in (d)(i).
 - (iii) A day worker may agree to work varied ordinary hours, in accordance with that of a shift worker. Such agreement will be recorded in writing and may be terminated by either the Employer or Employee by giving 14 days' notice, whereby the Employee will revert to working in accordance with the day worker span of hours.
- (e) **Rest breaks between rostered work**
 - (i) An Employee will be allowed a rest break of 9 hours between ordinary shifts. By mutual agreement, the break may be reduced to 8 hours.
- (f) **Daylight Savings**

Upon the changeover of times as a result of daylight saving in October and April each year the following shall apply:

 - (i) Employees shall be paid for actual time worked irrespective of the length of the shift.
 - (ii) Employees paid in accordance with subclause (i) are not entitled to claim for the one hour lost and all time worked shall be paid at applicable penalty rates.
- (g) **Accrued Day Off Arrangements**
 - (i) A full-time Employee could request to work a nineteen (19) day month, in the form of one (1) paid day off in every two (2) consecutive fortnightly pay periods.

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- (ii) This would be a matter for discussion with the Employer to reach a mutual agreement. If there is agreement to implement the 19 day month the following would apply:
- (1) The accrued day off shall be rostered to fall on a day of the week other than a Saturday or Sunday. The Employer will endeavour to ensure that the accrued day off is rostered to fall either the day immediately before or immediately after rostered days off.
 - (2) Calculation of Allowances - In the calculation of overtime rates, afternoon and night shift allowances and the additional rates for work on Saturdays, Sundays and Public Holidays, the hourly rate shall be calculated at 1/38 of the weekly rate.
 - (3) Absences on leave without pay - As no paid employment existed, 24 minutes for each day of absence should be deducted from the accrued day off.
 - (4) Absence on public holidays and compassionate leave - Days of paid absence on public holidays and compassionate leave shall count toward the accrued day off on full pay
- (h) Banking of hours:-
- (i) A full-time or part-time nursing Employee may, by agreement with their NUM or Director of Clinical Services:-
 - (1) Work less than their daily, weekly or fortnightly rostered or contracted hours and work those hours at a later date; or
 - (2) Work more than their daily, weekly or fortnightly rostered or contracted hours and take time off in lieu of payment for the additional hours worked or set off the additional hours worked against any hours banked under the sub-clause above. Time off in lieu is dealt with under clause 21 – Overtime.
 - (ii) A nursing Employee who works less than her/his rostered or contracted hours shall nevertheless be paid as if those rostered or contracted hours has been worked during the roster cycle or contracted period. An Employee may only work less than their rostered or contracted hours where they have sufficient banked hours to cover such circumstances.
 - (iii) Hours banked under this provision will be banked on the basis of their ordinary time equivalent (for example, two additional ordinary hours will be banked as two hours, each hour worked on a Saturday will be banked as 90 minutes).
 - (iv) A nursing Employee may not accumulate more than thirty eight hours in her/his bank under the sub-clauses in Clause (iii) above at any one time. Any accrual beyond the specified maximum of 38 hours shall be conditional on prior approval by the Employer.
 - (v) Nursing Employees who have accumulated hours to be worked must be given first option to work additional hours prior to the use of on-call or casual nursing Employees.

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- (vi) A nursing Employee who agrees to work banked hours on a shift on which a shift allowance is payable shall receive a pro rata allowance for those hours worked on that shift.
 - (vii) The Employer must keep proper records of all hours accrued and worked by each nursing Employee.
 - (viii) A nursing Employee shall be entitled to full access to her/his record of hours accrued and worked under this provision.
 - (ix) Where on termination of employment a nursing Employee has not worked all her/his banked hours, the Employer may, with the written agreement of the Employee, deduct monies paid to the Employee for those banked hours for any entitlements owing to the Employee by the Employer including payment for accrued annual leave and long service leave at the ordinary rate.
 - (x) Banked hours will be taken at times mutually agreed between the Employer and Employee. Provided that where there is no agreement the Employer may require Employees to take banked hours at certain times to ensure efficient use of staffing resources.
 - (xi) Where an Employee is required to make-up hours taken as per (ii) of this sub clause, those hours may be worked in shifts of up to 10 hours duration by mutual agreement at ordinary time for the purposes of making-up time up to ordinary contracted hours for a particular week or roster cycle.
 - (xii) If the Employee does not agree to work the make-up hours by working a 10 hour shift the hours to be made-up must be worked on some other occasion as mutually agreed within the 4 week roster cycle. These make up hours shall be paid at ordinary time.
 - (xiii) By agreement in writing between the Employer and the Employee, an Employee may elect to work up to six hours on a particular day or shift without a meal break.

16. ROSTERS

- (a) Employees will work in accordance with a roster fixed by the Employer. In the case of Day and Shift workers, the roster will be of 28 days duration and will set out Employees' daily ordinary working hours and starting and finishing times.
- (b) Posting the Roster

The roster will be posted at least:

 - (i) 4 weeks before the commencement of the roster period.
- (c) Change of Roster
 - (i) Unless the Employer otherwise agrees, an Employee desiring a roster change will give seven days' notice except where the Employee is ill or in an emergency.
 - (ii) Seven days' notice of a change of roster will be given by the Employer to an Employee, provided that in the case of shift workers 4 weeks' notice will be provided by the Employer. Except that, a roster may be altered at any time to enable the functions of the hospital to be carried out where another

Employee is absent from work pursuant to clauses 48 – Ceremonial leave; 40– Personal/carers’ leave, 41- Compassionate leave and 49 – Leave to deal with Family and Domestic Violence, or in an emergency. Where any such alteration by the Employer requires an Employee:

- (1) working on a day which would otherwise have been the Employee’s day off, the day off instead will be as mutually arranged; or
- (2) to change a rostered shift to an alternate day or time, which attracts lower (or nil) penalty rate (**Alternate Shift**) than the shift originally rostered (**Original Shift**), the Employee will be paid for the Alternate Shift worked at the Original Shift higher penalty rate.

(d) Broken shifts

A broken shift may be worked by mutual agreement between the Employer and the Employee(s). All work performed in excess of a spread of nine hours shall be paid at the rate of double time.

17. 12 HOUR SHIFT ROSTER ARRANGEMENTS

- (a) Notwithstanding the remaining provisions of this Agreement an Employee may agree to work under a 12 Hour Shift Roster Arrangements in accordance with this Clause.
 - (i) Participation in 12-Hour Shift Roster
 - (1) By mutual agreement an Employee’s ordinary hours may be extended to a maximum of (12) ordinary hours per day, per shift.
 - (2) Overtime would not apply for 12 hour shifts unless the Employee works beyond the 12 hours.
 - (3) Relevant penalties will apply to all hours worked on a Saturday, Sunday or Public Holidays.
 - (4) Day shift will attract the afternoon shift penalties as prescribed in this Agreement.
 - (5) Night shift penalties will be as per the Agreement.
 - (6) Either party may discontinue these 12 hour shift arrangements with 14 days’ notice in writing.
 - (7) There will be one (1) thirty minute unpaid break and two (2) fifteen minute paid breaks during the twelve hour shift.

18. SHIFT WORK

- (a) Where an Employee works a rostered afternoon or night shift, the Employee will be paid the following applicable penalty rate in addition to their ordinary rate:
 - (i) Afternoon shift – 15%;
 - (ii) Night Shift – 25%
- (b) For the purposes of this clause, afternoon and night shift are defined at Clause 3 – Definitions, of the Agreement.
- (c) The shift penalties prescribed in this clause will not apply to shift work undertaken by

an Employee on a Saturday, Sunday or Public holiday where weekend or public holiday penalties are payable.

19. SATURDAY AND SUNDAY WORK

- (a) Where an Employee is rostered to work ordinary hours:
- (i) the major portion of which falls on a Saturday - the Employee will be paid at the rate of time and a half the ordinary rate for the hours worked for the entire rostered shift.
 - (ii) the major portion of which falls on a Sunday - the Employee will be paid at the rate of time and three quarters the ordinary rate for the entire rostered shift.

Provided that:

- where shifts commence between 10.00pm and midnight on a Sunday, the time worked prior to midnight will not be paid at the Sunday penalty rate;
- where the shift commences before midnight on a Saturday and extends into the Sunday, all time worked on the shift will be paid at the Sunday penalty rate.

20. BREAKS

(a) Meal Breaks

- (i) An Employee who works in excess of 4 hours will be entitled to an unpaid meal break of not less than 30 minutes and not more than 60 minutes. Provided that, an Employee engaged to work a shift of six hours or less may mutually agree with the Employer to forgo the unpaid meal break.
- (ii) Where an Employee is required by the Employer to remain available during a meal break, but is free from duty, the Employee will be paid at the ordinary rate for the 30 minute meal break. This period will not count as time worked when calculating ordinary hours for the purposes of overtime or penalties.
- (iii) Where an Employee is required by the Employer to perform work or is recalled to duty during a meal break (**Interrupting Work**), the Employee will be paid overtime for all time worked until the meal break (or the balance of the meal break) is taken. Unless authorised otherwise by the Employer, the Employee must immediately commence their meal break (or the remainder of such meal break) upon the conclusion of the Interrupting Work.

(b) Paid Tea Breaks

An Employee will be entitled to a 10 minute paid tea break for a shift of four hours or more. Such tea break is to be taken at a time mutually agreed time within the shift.

(c) Charges for meals and snacks provided by Employer

The maximum amount that shall be charged or deducted where an Employee receives a meal or a snack from his/her Employer shall be as provided at Table 3 in Schedule 2.

(d) Meal break when required to work overtime

Unless the period of overtime is one and a half hours or less, an Employee before starting overtime shall be allowed a meal break of 20 minutes which shall be paid for

at ordinary rates. The Employer and an Employee may agree to any variation of this provision to meet the circumstances of the work in hand provided that no Employee shall be required to work more than five hours without a break for a meal.

21. OVERTIME

(a) Requirement to work reasonable overtime

- (i) Subject to the conditions detailed below an Employer may require an Employee to work reasonable overtime at overtime rates.
- (ii) An Employee may refuse to work overtime in circumstances where the working of such overtime would result in the Employee working hours which are unreasonable having regard to:
 - (1) any risk to Employee health and safety;
 - (2) the Employee's personal circumstances including any family responsibilities;
 - (3) the needs of the workplace or enterprise;
 - (4) the notice (if any) given by the Employer of the overtime and by the Employee of his or her intention to refuse it; and
 - (5) any other relevant matter.
- (iii) No overtime shall be worked without the prior approval of the Employer

(b) Payment for working overtime

- (i) Hours worked in excess of the ordinary hours on any day or shift as prescribed at clause 15(a) and 15(b), are to be paid as follows:

For a day worker:

- (1) Monday to Saturday inclusive - time and a half for the first two hours and double time thereafter;
- (2) Sunday - double time;
- (3) Public holidays - double time and one half (paid as an ordinary days' pay at the ordinary rate plus an additional overtime penalty of time and a half the ordinary rate).

For a shift worker:

- (4) Monday to Sunday– double time.
- (5) Public Holidays – at the applicable public holiday penalty rate.

- (ii) The overtime penalty rates are applied to the ordinary rate and are in substitution and not cumulative upon any shift, weekend or public holiday penalties that would otherwise be payable.

(c) Part-time Employees and Casual Employees

- (i) Hours worked by part-time and casual Employees, in excess of the rostered daily ordinary full-time hours (subject to any agreement to work up to a

maximum of 12 ordinary hours) will be overtime and will be paid as prescribed at subclause (b).

(ii) Time worked up to the rostered daily ordinary hours of work (as per (c)(i)) will not be regarded as overtime but:

(1) in the case of a part-time Employee - an extension of the contract hours for that day;

(2) in the case of a casual Employee – additional ordinary hours;

and will be paid at the ordinary rate.

(d) Time off in lieu of overtime

(i) Provided that where there is agreement between the Employer and the Employee, the Employee may take time off in lieu of receiving payment for overtime at a mutually agreed time.

(ii) The Employee may take one hour of time off for each hour of overtime plus a period of time equivalent to the overtime penalty incurred. The time off must be taken within 6 months after the overtime is worked. Where such time off is not taken within 6 months, or upon the termination of the Employee's employment, the Employer must pay the Employee for the overtime at the overtime rate applicable to the overtime when worked.

(e) Rest period after overtime

An Employee (other than a casual Employee) who works so much overtime between the termination of his/her ordinary work on one day and the commencement of his/her ordinary work on the next day that he/she has not had at least eight consecutive hours off duty between those times, shall, subject to this section, be released after completion of such overtime until he/she has had eight consecutive hours off duty without loss of pay for ordinary working time occurring during such absence.

If on the instructions of the Employer such Employee resumes or continues work without having had such eight consecutive hours off duty he/she shall be paid at double time until he/she is released from duty for such period and shall then be entitled to be absent until he/she has eight consecutive hours off duty without loss of pay for ordinary working time occurring during such absence.

When overtime work is necessary it shall, wherever reasonably practicable, be so arranged that Employees have at least eight consecutive hours off duty between the work of successive days.

22. OVERTIME MEAL

(a) An Employee will be supplied with an adequate meal where the Employer has adequate facilities or be paid an overtime meal allowance as set out at Schedule 2 in addition to any overtime payment as follows:

(i) when required to work after the usual finishing hour of work beyond one hour or, in the case of shift workers, when the overtime work on any shift exceeds one hour.

(ii) provided that where such overtime work exceeds four hours a further meal

will be provided.

- (b) Clause (a) will not apply when an Employee could reasonably return home for a meal within the meal break.
- (c) Provided that the Employer will provide a meal for night duty staff in lieu of the allowance payment set out at subclause (a).

23. CALL ARRANGEMENTS

(a) Rate for being on call

- (i) The rate for being on call shall be as set out at Schedule 2 Monday to Friday and as set out at Schedule 2 for Saturdays, Sundays and Public Holidays. These rates shall be increased by the same percentage(s) and at the same time(s) as the percentage(s) that will apply to increases to salary rates as per clause 24.
- (ii) The parties agree that in accordance with operational requirements staff will be rostered for on call unless agreed otherwise with the respective Employee.
- (iii) Staff who are on call will be afforded two days free of on call duty per week. This may be averaged over a four week period. The parties acknowledge that from time to time it may not be possible for staff to have two days free from on call duty per week.

(b) Call back

- (i) Except where otherwise specifically provided an Employee recalled to work overtime after leaving his/her Employer's premises (whether notified before or after leaving such premises) shall be paid at the appropriate overtime rate applicable to his/her salary:
 - (1) for the first recall a minimum payment of four (4) hours work; and
 - (2) for each subsequent recall a minimum payment of three hours work.
- (ii) Provided always that time reasonably spent in getting to and from work shall be regarded as time worked.
- (iii) Provided further that an Employee who is recalled to work within two hours of his or her normal starting time shall be paid at overtime rates with a minimum payment of two hours at double time and then would be paid at double time for the first two hours from the commencement of the shift, the remaining hours of the shift shall then be paid at the ordinary hourly rate of pay.

(c) Close call

- (i) An Employee may be required by the Employer to remain on close call (that is on call for duty and not allowed to leave the hospital precincts).
- (ii) An Employee held on close call shall:

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- (1) if not required to commence work be paid a minimum payment equivalent to six hours at his/her normal salary; or
 - (2) if required to commence work be paid in accordance with the appropriate overtime rate, provided that such payment shall be at least equivalent to the minimum payment set forth in the above.

Part 5 – Wages and Related Matters

24. WAGES

- (a) Wage rates, as adjusted the prescribed percentage wage increases, are set out in Schedule 2 of this Agreement.
- (b) Any further wage increase, other than as set out at Schedule 2, shall be at the discretion of the Employer, unless the rate of pay falls below the Modern Award rate, in such circumstances the rate of pay shall default to the minimum rate prescribed in accordance with the relevant Modern Award rate.

25. PAYMENT OF WAGES

- (a) Time and interval of payment
 - (i) Wages will be paid fortnightly.
 - (ii) When a public holiday falls on a normal pay day wages shall be paid on the last working day prior to the public holiday.
 - (iii) The present pay day of payment shall not be varied, except after consultation with the Employee(s) concerned and an agreed phasing-in period.
- (b) Method of payment
 - (i) Payment of wages shall be by direct bank deposit or some other method agreed by the Employer, provided that any Employee may nominate which bank or financial institution shall receive the payment of wages.
 - (ii) The present method of payment shall not be varied, except after consultation with the Employee(s) concerned and an agreed phasing-in period.
- (c) Statement of wages
 - (i) On or prior to pay day the Employer shall provide to the Employee, particulars in writing, including by electronic means, setting out full details of the wages the Employee is entitled to.
- (d) Payment on termination
 - (i) Where employment is terminated summarily or on the giving of the prescribed notice all moneys owing shall, where practical, be paid to the Employee on termination.

26. OVERPAYMENTS

- (a) In the event of an overpayment to an Employee where the overpayment has been made in one lump sum the following shall apply.
 - (i) The Employer will negotiate a repayment arrangement with the Employee
 - (ii) If agreement is reached such agreement will be documented and implemented.
- (b) In the event of an overpayment to an Employee where the overpayment has been made over an extended period of time the following shall apply.
 - (i) The Employer will negotiate a repayment arrangement with the Employee
 - (ii) If agreement is reached such agreement will be documented and implemented.
- (c) In the event of exceptional circumstances the provisions of sub-clause (a) and (b) may be waived by agreement between the Employer and the Employee.

27. UNDERPAYMENTS

- (a) Where an error has been made by the Pay Office or validating Manager:
 - (i) On request, if the Net amount is greater than \$50, an electronic payment will be made (two pay slips will be issued in the following pay period)
 - (ii) All other adjustments will be made by an “extra” pay (taxation will not be affected) in the following pay period. Two pay slips will be issued in the following pay period.

Where the error was made by the Employee, an “extra” pay will be made in the following pay period.

28. SUPERANNUATION

- (a) Employer contributions

The Employer must make such superannuation contributions to a superannuation fund for the benefit of an Employee as will avoid the Employer being required to pay the superannuation guarantee charge under Superannuation Law with respect to that Employee.
- (b) Superannuation Fund

“The Fund” for the purposes of this Agreement shall mean:

 - (i) HESTA established and governed by a trust deed as may be amended from time to time, and includes any superannuation scheme which may be made in succession thereto; or
 - (ii) Tas Plan; or
 - (iii) Catholic Super; or (National Catholic Super merged with Catholic Super on 1 April 2010)

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- (iv) to another complying superannuation fund.
 - (c) In addition to the Employer's statutory contributions to the Fund an Employee may make additional contributions from their salary, and on receiving written authorisation from the Employee the Employer must commence making contributions to the Fund in accordance with the Superannuation Law.
 - (d) Superannuation fund payments will be made in accordance with the trust fund deeds and shall be made at a minimum on a monthly basis.
 - (e) Where an Employee salary packages their wages in accordance with this Agreement superannuation shall be paid on the pre-packaged wages.
 - (f) In the event that no fund is nominated by a new Employee, superannuation contributions will be paid into HESTA on behalf of that Employee ("Default Fund"). The Default Fund offers a MySuper product.

29. SALARY SACRIFICE/ PACKAGING ARRANGEMENT

- (a) Permanent Employees may be able to make voluntary pre-tax contributions or payments through a written salary sacrifice agreement between the Employer and the Employee. The Employer will pay the salary sacrifice amount in accordance with the salary sacrifice agreement.
- (b) An Employee may apply to have their ordinary time earnings reduced by an amount nominated by them as a salary sacrifice contribution for their benefit.
- (c) The total value of the reduced salary and the agreed value of the benefits provided will not be less than the amount that would otherwise be paid if the salary sacrifice arrangement was not in place. The Employees will be offered the opportunity to choose from the list of benefits, which will be paid by the Employer, through the provider of the service, instead of receiving gross salary.
- (d) Gross salary is reduced by the amount of the benefits paid by the Employer. The new gross salary is then subject to PAYG tax.
- (e) The Employer will nominate a provider of salary sacrificing services to manage these arrangements. The cost of the administration of the salary packaging arrangement is to be borne by the Employee and deducted from the Employee's account each fortnight.
- (f) The Employer shall meet the cost of implementing the administrative and payroll arrangements necessary for the introduction of salary sacrifice to the Employees under this Agreement.
- (g) All existing entitlements such as superannuation, leave loading, penalties and overtime etc., will be based on the pre-packaged salary.
- (h) The parties recognise the need for Employees to consider independent financial and taxation advice and recommend that Employees consider such advice prior to entering into salary sacrifice arrangements.
- (i) The Employees covered under this Agreement will have access to salary sacrifice arrangements subject to the following provisions:
 - (i) Accessing a salary sacrifice arrangement is a voluntary decision to be made

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- by the individual Employee.
- (ii) The Employee wishing to enter into a salary sacrifice arrangement will be required to sign a document which indicates that:
 - (1) The Employee has sought expert advice in relation to entering into such an arrangement and;
 - (2) The Employee understands that in the event that Fringe Benefits Tax (FBT) becomes payable on the benefit items which are selected, the salary sacrifice arrangement shall lapse and a new arrangement be put in place whereby the total cost of salary sacrificing to the Employer does not increase.
 - (3) If the Employee elects to continue with sacrificing, the cost of the payment of the FBT will be passed back to the Employee, or benefit items can be converted back to the agreed salary as per this Agreement.
 - (4) That upon resignation or termination of employment the Employer shall be, by deduction from final payments or upon demand, reimbursed any amounts of over-expenditure.
 - (j) In the event that the law governing superannuation and/or taxation make the objective of this clause ineffective, unattainable or illegal, the Employer will advise the Employee concerned. The salary sacrifice contribution arrangement will be terminated or amended to comply with such laws.
 - (k) Unless otherwise agreed by the Employer, an Employee may terminate their salary sacrifice contribution/payment by giving not less than one (1) month's written notice, provided the terms of any other agreement relating to the salary sacrifice benefit are met.

Part 6 – Allowances

30. HIGHER DUTIES

An Employee, who, for a period of five or more consecutive working days performs the duties of a position higher than that in which she/he is normally employed, shall be paid for the full period she/he is performing such duties, the minimum rates prescribed for such higher position. Where an Employee is being paid at the ordinary rate prescribed for a higher position (**Higher Ordinary Rate**), the calculation of overtime and penalty rates during such higher duties period will be applied to the Higher Ordinary Rate.

31. IN CHARGE ALLOWANCE

- (a) A Level 1 nurse who assumes the in-charge role of a clinical or management of a unit on any one day or shift will be paid an allowance , as set out in Schedule 2, per shift.
- (b) This allowance is not payable where a Level 2 Nurse assumes the in-charge role of a clinical or management unit.

32. MEAL ALLOWANCE

- (a) Where the duties of an Employee require him/her to travel from his/ her headquarters and he/she is more than 16 kilometres therefrom at his/her normal meal hour, that Employee shall, be reimbursed relevant meal costs incurred, provided that relevant receipts are provided.

33. POST GRADUATE ALLOWANCE

- (a) A Registered Nurse who holds;
 - (i) a hospital certificate or graduate certificate;
 - (ii) a post graduate diploma or a degree (other than a nursing under graduate degree;

will be paid, in addition to their salary, the applicable allowance as set out below – subject to the provisions of this clause. .
- (b) Only one qualification allowance will be paid for each Employee. It must be demonstrated that the qualification must be relevant to the current area of practice and is being utilised. If an Employee has two relevant qualifications, the highest post-graduate allowance applicable will be paid.
- (c) Qualification Allowances
 - (i) Hospital/Graduate Certificate (or equivalent) 4% of the hourly rate of pay.
 - (ii) A Post Graduate Diploma or Degree (or equivalent) 6.5% of the hourly rate of pay.
 - (iii) Masters or Doctorate 7.5% of the hourly rate of pay.
- (d) The post graduate allowance will be taken into account in the calculation of overtime and annual leave payments.

34. PRECEPTOR ALLOWANCE

- (a) A level 1 or 2 Registered Nurse or Enrolled Nurse who acts as a preceptor will receive a payment per hour as set out in Schedule 2 whilst acting in this role subject to the Calvary Health Care Tasmania Preceptor Program being approved by the Director of Clinical Services.

35. TRAVELLING AND FARES

Where the Employer has approved intrastate or interstate travel by the Employee, the Employee will be reimbursed all reasonable costs associated with such travel. Where practicable, the Employee is to provide travel arrangements, including mode of transport and accommodation bookings, prior to the actual travel.

36. UNIFORMS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING

Employees required by the Employer to wear uniforms will be supplied with an adequate number of uniforms appropriate to the occupation free of cost to Employees.

37. LEAD APRON ALLOWANCE

Where an Employee is required to wear a lead apron in the performance of radiographic duties such Employee shall be paid an allowance as set out at Schedule 2 per hour or part thereof for such time spent wearing the lead apron. This allowance is subject to the approval of the Nurse Unit Manager.

38. ENROLLED NURSE ADVANCED DIPLOMA ALLOWANCE

An Enrolled Nurse who holds an advanced diploma hospital shall be paid, in addition to their salary, an allowance of 4% of the hourly rate of pay. It must be demonstrated that the qualification must be relevant to the current area of practice and is being utilised. This allowance shall be taken into account in the calculation of overtime and annual leave payments.

Part 5 - Leave and Public Holidays

39. ANNUAL LEAVE

Period of leave

- (a) Day workers

For each year of continuous service with the Employer, a permanent Employee is entitled to 4 weeks of paid annual leave.

- (b) Shift workers – Additional week of annual leave

- (i) In addition to the leave prescribed in sub-clause (a) above, shift workers, (as defined hereunder) will be entitled to an additional one week of paid annual leave. For the purposes of the NES and this clause a shift worker is defined as an Employee who:

- (1) is regularly rostered to work over seven days of the week; and regularly works weekends; or

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- (2) works not less than 20 weekend ordinary shifts (or any combination of Saturdays and Sundays to a total of not less than 20 shifts) in any one leave year; or
 - (3) Where an Employee with at least 12 months' continuous service is engaged for part of the 12-monthly period as a shift worker (as per (b)(i)(2), he/she shall be entitled to have the period of annual leave as per sub-clause (a) increased by 7.6 hours for each two months (pro-rata at that rate for less than two months) he/she is continuously engaged (ie: full time);
 - (ii) This entitlement to additional leave hours as set out above shall be pro-rata for part-time Employees.
 - (c) An Employee's entitlement to paid annual leave accrues progressively during a year of service according to the Employee's ordinary hours of work, and accumulates from year to year.
 - (d) Annual leave exclusive of public holidays

Subject to this clause the annual leave prescribed by this clause shall be exclusive of any of the holidays prescribed by Clause 42 - Public Holidays, and if any such holiday falls within an Employee's period of annual leave and is observed on a day which in the case of that Employee would have been an ordinary working day there shall be added to that period of annual leave time equivalent to the ordinary time which the Employee would have worked if such a day had not been a holiday.
 - (e) Time of taking leave
 - (i) Paid annual leave may be taken for a period agreed between an Employee and the Employer. The Employer must not unreasonably refuse to agree to a request by the Employee to take paid annual leave. Notwithstanding the provisions of this subclause, the Employer may direct an Employee to take a period of annual leave in accordance with subclause 39(e)(ii) and (o).
 - (ii) Annual leave shall be given at a time fixed by the Employer when an Employee has accrued more than 8 weeks (for a day worker) and 10 weeks (for shiftworker) of accrued annual leave. Any direction to take annual leave he Employer must be given with not less than eight weeks' notice to the Employee, provided:
 - (1) the Employee will first be given a reasonable opportunity to submit a plan to reduce their total annual leave accrued balance to not more than 6 weeks within a period of six months (**leave reduction plan**);
 - (2) the Employer will not unreasonably refuse to agree to an Employee's annual leave reduction plan which includes saving leave for an extended vacation within 12 months of the date of agreement to the leave reduction plan. The agreement is to be in writing and signed by both the Employer and Employee.
 - (3) the Employee can not be directed to take annual leave where such direction would result in the Employee being directed to reduce the accrued leave to less than 6 weeks.

(f) Payment for period of leave

- (i) Employees will be paid at the Employee's ordinary rate of pay for the ordinary hours of work in the period. Employees may request in writing that before going on leave, such leave be paid in advance on the last pay period before going on leave, otherwise the leave will be paid in the normal pay fortnights for the period of such leave.
- (ii) Payment calculated in accordance with the provisions of this clause should be made for the full weeks of leave taken at the time.

(g) Proportionate leave on ending service

If, when the employment of an Employee ends, the Employee has a period of untaken paid annual leave, the Employer must pay the Employee the amount that would have been payable to the Employee had the Employee taken that period of leave.

(h) Annual leave loading

- (i) In addition to their ordinary pay, an Employee, other than a shiftworker, will be paid an annual leave loading of 17.5% of their ordinary rate of pay.
- (ii) Shiftworkers, in addition to their ordinary pay, will be paid the higher of:
 - (1) an annual leave loading of 17.5% of their ordinary rate of pay; or
 - (2) the weekend and shift penalties the Employee would have received had they not been on leave during the relevant period.

Provided always that such allowance shall be calculated on the basis of a maximum period in any one leave year of four weeks' annual leave in the case of a day worker and five weeks' annual leave in the case of a shift worker and Nurse Unit Manager.

(i) Calculation of continuous service

Continuous service shall be as defined in s.22 of the Fair Work Act 2009, as amended from time to time.

(j) Leave allowed before due date

The Employer may allow annual leave to an Employee before the right thereto has accrued due but where leave is taken in such a case a further period of annual leave shall not commence to accrue until after the expiration of the 12 months in respect of which annual leave had been taken before it accrued.

(k) Level 3 Nurse Unit Managers

- (i) All level 3 Nurse Unit Managers (NUM) shall receive five (5) weeks' annual leave per annum in recognition of the requirements of the position and some out-of-hours work required.
- (ii) The additional one (1) week's leave is in lieu of any overtime payments that may otherwise be payable under the Agreement provided that all overtime worked by NUMs in excess of 38 hours per annum or overtime undertaken as clinical duties shall be paid as per the Agreement.
- (iii) NUMs may rotate and may be redeployed within the Hospital Campuses by mutual agreement.

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- (l) Pay in lieu of an amount of annual leave
- (i) Upon receipt of a written request by an Employee, the Employer may authorise the Employee, in a separate written agreement, to receive pay in lieu of an amount of annual leave.
- (1) Paid annual leave must not be cashed out if the cashing out would result in the Employee's remaining accrued entitlement to paid annual leave being less than 4 weeks; and
- (2) Where an Employee forgoes an entitlement to take an amount of annual leave, the Employee must be paid at least the full amount that would have been payable to the Employee had the Employee taken the leave that the Employee has forgone.
- (m) Purchased Annual Leave
- (i) Purchased leave is where Employees have planned absences of up to two weeks of leave which is funded by salary deductions spread evenly over the year. This allows Employees to continue to receive pay during such leave.
- (ii) Employees may apply for two weeks' purchased leave in each calendar year. Purchased leave may be taken as single days upon approval from the Employer.
- (iii) Purchased leave must be utilised within the twelve months in which it is purchased.
- (iv) Purchased leave counts as service for all purposes.
- (v) Applications for purchased leave must be made by a date nominated by the Employer.
- (vi) The Employer's approval of purchased leave will be based on the operational requirements of the Employer, having regard to the personal needs and family responsibilities of staff.
- (vii) Once a period of purchased leave has been approved, it may only be revoked by the Employer where exceptional circumstances exist. In the event of revocation, any accumulated leave may be paid out to the Employee, or the leave deferred to a date mutually agreed by Employer and Employee.
- (viii) Where an Employee leaves the Employer during a year in which purchased leave has been approved, final payment will be adjusted to take account of deductions not yet made and leave not taken as authorised by the Employee in accordance with s. 324(1)(b) of the Fair Work Act 2009.
- (n) Other periods of leave
- If the period during which an Employee takes paid annual leave includes a period of personal leave, carer's leave, compassionate leave or community service leave, the Employee is taken not to be on paid annual leave for the period of that other leave or absence.
- (o) Annual leave during close down periods

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- (i) It is noted that the last week of December and the month of January are times of less activity for the Employer, thereby resulting in a shut-down or partial shut down, of certain areas and a significant curtailment of services in other areas at the Employer's hospitals.
 - (ii) Management will consult with staff a minimum of 8 weeks beforehand concerning changes to rosters and redeployment options (as set out at subclause (iii)) or the use of leave, over the period(s) set out at (i) above, bearing in mind the operational requirements of the hospitals.
 - (iii) Where there are no redeployment options, management reserves the right to direct employees to utilise up to two weeks (up to 3 weeks in the case of St James ward only) of their accrued leave entitlement over the period(s) set out at (i) of this clause, provided that such direction is reasonable.
 - (iv) Where an Employee does not have sufficient accrued annual leave for these period(s), the Employee may be required to take annual leave in advance where such requirement is reasonable. Alternatively, Employees may elect to take leave without pay for all or part of the shut-down period(s). Additionally, employees may utilise banked time in lieu of overtime and accrued days off for all or part of the shutdown period(s).
 - (v) Notwithstanding the provisions at Clause 39(e), the provisions set out for the Annual leave during close down periods provision will apply. Nothing in this clause prevents an Employee from being on call during the close-down period(s) where mutually agreed between the Employer and the Employee.
 - (vi) Notwithstanding the provisions set out at subclause (i) and (ii) above, in unforeseen and pressing circumstances, periods of less activity for the Employer may arise – resulting in shutdowns or partial shutdowns. The minimum 8 week consultation period set out at subclause (ii) will be reduced to one week for shutdowns (or partial shutdowns) which are as a result of circumstances beyond the Employer's control, including but not limited to Government health directives or other state of emergency directives.

40. PERSONAL/CARER'S LEAVE

- (a) Subject to the following limitations and conditions an Employee shall be entitled to personal leave on full pay calculated by allowing 152 rostered ordinary hours of work in the case of the 38 hour per week Employees for each year of continuous service, less any personal leave on full pay already taken. The paid leave entitlement as prescribed herein shall be pro-rata based on the ordinary hours worked by the Employee. For clarity, an Employee (excluding a Casual Employee) is entitled to the paid personal/ carer's leave set out herein, subject to the accrual being no less than the NES.
 - (i) An Employee's entitlement to paid personal/carers' leave accrues progressively during a year of service according to the Employee's ordinary hours of work, and accumulates from year to year.
 - (ii) An Employee shall not be entitled to personal leave on at the ordinary rate for any period in respect of which such Employee is entitled to workers' compensation.

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- (iii) An Employee shall be required to submit a registered health practitioner's certificate for any personal leave absences, provided that Employees shall be allowed 3 single days of personal leave per fiscal year without certification or statutory declaration and those days may be taken at any time including either side of days off or RDOs. Statutory Declarations may be used in lieu of medical certificates for access to certified personal and carer's leave.
 - (iv) Each Employee shall notify her/his Employer of an absence from work due to illness or injury prior to the commencement of her/his rostered shift or as soon as practicable thereafter and shall, as far as possible, inform the Employer of the estimated duration of the absence.
 - (b) The Employer shall not change the rostered hours of work of an Employee fixed by the roster or rosters applicable to the 14 days immediately following the commencement of personal leave merely by reason of the fact that she or he is on personal leave.
 - (c) For the purposes of this clause "service" means continuous service as defined in s.22 of the Fair Work Act.
 - (d) Part-time Employees – A part-time Employee shall be entitled to personal/carer's leave on a pro-rata basis. Such entitlements shall be subject to all the above conditions applying to full-time Employees.
 - (e) Subject to the provisions of a satisfactory health practitioner's certificate and personal leave being due, paid annual leave or long service leave shall be re-credited where an illness occurs during the period of paid annual leave or long service leave; provided that the period of leave does not occur prior to retirement, resignation or termination of services.
 - (f) An Employee, other than a casual Employee, with responsibilities in relation to their immediate family (as defined) or member of their household, who needs the Employee's care or support, shall be entitled to use, in accordance with this subclause, any current or accrued personal leave entitlement, for absences to provide care or support for such persons when they are ill/ injured or in the case of an unexpected emergency. Such leave may be taken for part of a single day.
 - (g) The Employee shall, if required, establish, either by production of a health practitioner's certificate or statutory declaration, that leave is required in order to provide care or support for a member of the Employee's immediate family or household.
 - (h) The entitlement to use personal leave in accordance with this subclause is subject to:
 - (i) The Employee providing care or support to the person concerned; and
 - (ii) The person concerned being a member of the Employee's immediate family or household (as defined in this Agreement).
 - (iii) An Employee must give the Employer notice of the taking of leave under this Clause. The notice must be given to the Employer as soon as practicable (which may be a time after the leave has started) and must advise the Employer of the period, or expected period, of the leave.
 - (i) Unpaid Carer's Leave
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An Employee, including a casual Employee, shall be entitled to up to two days unpaid carer's leave per occasion.

41. COMPASSIONATE LEAVE

- (a) An Employee is entitled to 3 days of compassionate leave for each occasion (a *permissible occasion*) when:
 - (i) a member of the Employee's immediate family, or a member of the Employee's household:
 - (1) contracts or develops a personal illness that poses a serious threat to his or her life; or
 - (2) sustains a personal injury that poses a serious threat to his or her life; or
 - (3) dies.
 - (ii) A child is stillborn, where the child would have been a member of the Employee's immediate family, or a member of the Employee's household, if the child had been born alive.
- (b) An Employee may take compassionate leave for a particular permissible occasion if the leave is taken:
 - (i) to spend time with the member of the Employee's immediate family or household who has contracted or developed the personal illness, or sustained the personal injury, referred to in subclause (a); or
 - (ii) after the death of the member of the Employee's immediate family or household referred to in subclause (a).
- (c) An Employee may take compassionate leave for a particular permissible occasion as a single continuous 3 day period; or 3 separate periods of 1 day each; or any separate periods to which the Employee and the Employer agree.
- (d) If the permissible occasion is the contraction or development of a personal illness, or the sustaining of a personal injury, the Employee may take the compassionate leave for that occasion at any time while the illness or injury persists.
- (e) If, in accordance with this Clause, an Employee, other than a casual Employee, takes a period of compassionate leave, the Employer must pay the Employee at the Employee's base rate of pay for the Employee's ordinary hours of work in the period. For casual Employees, compassionate leave is unpaid leave.
- (f) The Employee, if required by the Employer, shall supply relevant evidence of the requirement for such leave. Such evidence may include a requirement to supply a medical certificate.

42. PUBLIC HOLIDAYS

- (a) All Employees, other than shift workers and casual Employees, shall be entitled to the following public holidays (subject to region application) without deduction from their weekly wages:
 - (i) Christmas Day, Boxing Day, New Year's Day, Australia Day, half-day Launceston Cup Day – (applies Launceston only), Eight Hours Day, Good

Friday, Easter Monday, Anzac Day, Queen's Birthday, Show Day, Recreation Day (applies Launceston only); Hobart Regatta Day (applies to South - all parts of Tasmania south of and including Oatlands and Swansea excluding Bronte Park, Catagunya, Strathgordon, Tarraleah, Wayatinah and the West Coast) or such other day as may be observed in the locality in lieu of any of the aforementioned holidays and the Tasmanian *Statutory Holidays Act 2000* as amended.

- (ii) The half-day Launceston Cup Day shall mean one half of any ordinary rostered shift on that day.
- (b) Show day means not more than one local show day observed on an Employee's ordinary working day, other than a Saturday or a Sunday, in the city, town or district in which the Employee is employed; or such other day which, in the absence of such a local show day, is agreed on by the Employee and the Employer.
- (c) Payment for the holidays mentioned above which are taken and not worked, shall be at the ordinary rate of pay for the hours which would have applied to the Employee concerned, when if it were not for such holiday, he/she had been at work.
- (d) Where an Employee is required to work on a public holiday set out at (a), either for part or the whole of such day, the Employee will be paid as follows:
 - (i) A day worker will be paid an ordinary days' pay (paid at the ordinary rate) plus an additional overtime penalty rate of time and a half the ordinary rate - for time worked on a public holiday;
 - (ii) A shift worker will be paid for such public holiday work at the rate of:
 - (1) double time and a half the ordinary rate –nurses employed at the Hobart sites;
 - (2) double time the ordinary rate – for nurses employed at the Launceston sites. Effective from the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2021, the public holiday penalty rate will increase to double time and a half the ordinary rate.
 - (3) Where requested by a permanent shift worker and on the written approval of the Employer, in lieu of the payments set out at (d)(ii)(1) and (2), an Employee may:
 - (A) be paid for all time worked on the public holiday at the rate of time and a half the ordinary rate (excepting nurses at Launceston sites who until the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2021 will be paid at the ordinary rate); and
 - (B) accrue additional annual leave at the ordinary rate for the rostered shift. Such additional annual leave will not attract leave loading.
 - (4) Casual Employees will be paid at the rates prescribed at clause 18.3 of the Agreement.
- (e) Public Holidays occurring on rostered days off
 - (i) All full-time Employees will receive a day's ordinary pay (at the ordinary rate) for public holidays that occur on their rostered day off except where the public holidays fall on Saturday or Sunday with respect to Monday–Friday employees.

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- (ii) The following will apply until the commencement of the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2021:

Part-time shift workers employed at Launceston sites (only) – Where a public holiday falls on the Employee's rostered day off the Employee will be paid a pro-rata payment, paid at the ordinary rate and calculated as follows:

Pro-rata payment = (Weekly Part-time hours/ 38) x 8 hours (or 4 hours for a half day public holiday)

43. PARENTAL LEAVE

- (a) Employees are entitled to parental leave in accordance with the provisions of the Fair Work Act, as amended.
- (b) Full-time Employees and permanent part-time Employees are eligible for paid parental leave in accordance with the following provisions:
- (i) Permanent Employees are eligible for paid parental leave when they have completed at least forty (40) weeks of continuous service prior to the expected date of birth or prior to the date of taking custody of the child.
- (c) Employees who are eligible for paid parental leave are entitled to such leave as follows:
- (i) Paid Leave
- (1) Paid Maternity Leave – an eligible Employee is entitled to a combined total of fourteen (14) week's paid maternity leave at ordinary pay from the date the maternity leave commences.
- (2) In accordance with s.73 of the Fair Work Act, maternity leave may commence up to six weeks prior to the expected date of birth. It is not compulsory for an Employee to take this period off work. However, where an Employee decides to work during this period, if requested by the Employer, the Employee shall provide a statement from her medical practitioner or midwife to the effect that continuing employment until the date of birth is not a risk to the Employee or the unborn child.
- (3) Paid Partner Leave – an eligible Employee is entitled to one (1) week's paid partner leave in any one year at the ordinary pay which must commence within four weeks of the birth of the child (Eligible Employees will be as defined in the *Fair Work Act*).
- (4) Paid Adoption Leave – an eligible Employee is entitled to paid adoption leave of fourteen (14) weeks from and including the date of taking custody of the child.
- (5) The paid leave set out above is to be taken during the course of the applicable unpaid parental leave period. For clarity, the paid leave does not extend the period of unpaid parental leave to which the employee is entitled under the Fair Work Act.

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- (6) Such leave may be paid:
- (A) On a normal fortnightly basis;
 - (B) In advance in a lump sum;
 - (C) At the rate of half pay over a period of twenty-eight (28) weeks on a regular fortnightly basis.
 - (D) Annual and/or long service leave credits can be combined with periods of maternity leave or adoption leave on half pay to enable an Employee to remain on full pay for that period.

(7) Commonwealth Government scheme

The amount of paid leave provided in this Agreement shall not be reduced in terms of its monetary value by the current Paid Parental Leave Act 2010 provisions as in operation at the date this agreement comes into operation.

(ii) Unpaid Parental Leave

An Employee's entitlement to unpaid parental leave is in accordance with the Fair Work Act.

(iii) An Employee who has once met the conditions for paid maternity leave and/or paid adoption leave will not be required to again work the 40 weeks' continuous service in order to qualify for a further period of paid maternity leave or adoption leave; unless:

- (1) There has been a break in service where the Employee has been re-employed or re-appointed after a resignation, medical retirement or after her services have been otherwise dispensed with; or
- (2) The Employee has completed a period of leave without pay of more than 40 weeks. In this context, leave without pay does not include personal leave without pay, maternity leave without pay, or leave without pay associated with an illness or injury compensable under the Workers' Rehabilitation Compensation Act, as amended.
- (3) An Employee who intends to proceed on maternity or partner leave should formally notify the Employer of such intention as early as possible, so that arrangements associated with the absence can be made. Written notice of not less than eight weeks prior to the commencement of the leave should accordingly be given. This notice must include a medical certificate stating the expected date of birth and should also indicate the period of leave desired.
- (4) In the case of notification of intention to take adoption leave, due to the fact that an Employee may be given little notice of the date of taking custody of a child, Employees who believe that, in the reasonably near future, they will take custody of a child, should formally notify their Employer as early as practicable of the intention to take adoption leave. This will allow arrangements associated with the adoption leave to be made.
- (5) After commencing maternity leave or adoption leave, an Employee

may vary the period of her maternity leave or adoption leave, once, without the consent of the Employer and otherwise, with the consent of the Employer. A minimum of four weeks' notice must be given, although an Employer may accept less notice if convenient.

- (6) Any person who occupies the position of an Employee on parental leave must be informed that the Employee has the right to return to her former position. Additionally, since an Employee also has the right to vary the period of her maternity leave or adoption leave, offers of temporary employment should be in writing, stating clearly the temporary nature of the contract of employment. The duration of employment should also be set down clearly, to a fixed date or until the Employee elects to return to duty, whichever occurs first (Maximum Term Contract).
- (7) When an Employee has resumed duties, any period of full pay parental leave is counted in full for the accrual of annual and long service leave and any period of maternity leave or adoption leave on half pay is taken into account to the extent of one-half thereof when determining the accrual of annual and long service leave.
- (8) Except in the case of Employees who have completed fifteen years' service the period of parental leave without pay does not count as service for long service leave purposes. Where the Employee has completed fifteen years' service the period of parental leave without pay shall count as service for long service leave purposes provided such leave does not exceed six months.
- (9) Parental leave without pay does not count as service for incremental purposes. Periods of parental leave on full pay and at half pay are to be regarded as service for incremental progression on a pro-rata basis.
- (10) Where public holidays occur during a period of paid parental leave, payment is at the rate of parental leave received, that is the public holidays occurring in a period of full pay parental leave are paid at the full rate and those occurring during a period of half pay leave are paid at the half rate.
- (11) If because of an illness associated with her pregnancy an Employee is unable to continue to work then she can elect to use any available paid leave (sick, annual and/or long service leave) or to take sick leave without pay.
- (12) Where an Employee is entitled to paid maternity leave, but because of illness, is on personal leave, annual leave, long service leave, or personal leave without pay prior to the birth, such leave ceases six weeks prior to the expected date of the birth. The Employee then commences maternity leave with the normal provisions applying.
- (13) In the event of a miscarriage, any absence from work is to be covered by the current sick leave provisions.
- (14) In the case of stillbirth, an Employee may elect to take sick leave,

subject to the production of a medical certificate, or maternity leave. She may resume duty at any time provided she produces a doctor's certificate as to her fitness.

- (15) An Employee who gives birth prematurely, and prior to proceeding on maternity leave, shall be treated as being on maternity leave from the date leave is commenced to have the child. Should an Employee return to duty during the period of paid maternity leave, such paid leave ceases from the date duties are resumed.

- (16) Return to Work Guarantee
On ending unpaid parental leave, an Employee is entitled to return to:
(a) The Employee's pre-parental leave position; or
(b) If that position no longer exists – an available position for which the employee is qualified and suited nearest in status and pay to the pre-parental leave position.

44. LONG SERVICE LEAVE

- (a) The provisions of the *Long Service Leave Act 1976* (as amended) will apply to Employees covered by this Agreement.

45. PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT

- (a) Each full time nurse (pro rata, for part time nurse) is entitled to access up to 3 days' paid leave for the purposes of attendance at approved conferences/ seminars. Each application will be assessed on its merits in the context of the applicability of the conference/ seminar, the number of other similar applications and the resources available to the Employer.
- (b) The time and manner of taking any entitlement under this provision is to be mutually agreed between the Employer and the Employee and the course and means of dissemination of conference/seminar information is to be approved by the NUM. Should mutual agreement not be possible on repeated occasions this matter is to be referred to the Director of Clinical Services or their delegate for resolution under the dispute resolution process.
- (c) Reasonable travel, accommodation and registration costs may be paid by the Employer, when the Employer selects and/or approves the Employee for the conference/seminar.
- (d) All staff granted conference/seminar leave will be required to provide an in-service to other staff on the learning from the leave and to provide a report to the Director of Clinical Services on the learning's from the conference/seminar.

46. MANDATORY TRAINING

All Employees have a responsibility to maintain and upgrade their skills commensurate with the requirements of their position. Mandatory training will be provided and undertaken at the hospital in paid time. Attendance at mandatory training will be paid at the ordinary rate subject to the following:

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- (a) Where such training is undertaken during the course of the Employee's rostered ordinary shift (Ordinary Shift) – the Employee will be paid, in addition to the ordinary rate, any applicable shift or weekend penalty rate (or casual loading in the case of a casual Employee) that is payable on the Ordinary Shift;
 - (b) All e-learning will be rostered/undertaken during the Employee's Ordinary Shift;
 - (c) For training completed outside of the Employee's ordinary rostered hours - the Employee will be paid a minimum period of 1 hour or the duration of the training, whichever is the greater, at the applicable overtime penalty rate.

47. REPRESENTATIVES LEAVE

- (a) Leave to attend trade union and union delegate courses/seminars shall be as follows:
 - (i) To a maximum of 3 days per year (1 January to 31 December) for each campus for the totality of all applications of paid trade union, union delegate training leave, shall be available for the purpose of trade union training, union delegate courses and seminars provided that:
 - (1) the scope, content and level of the courses are directed to the enhancement of the operation of the settlement of dispute/dispute settlement procedure/s;
 - (2) two weeks' notice is provided to the Employer;
 - (3) the approval of leave must have regard to the operational requirements of the Employer;
 - (4) this leave shall be paid at the ordinary time rate of pay.
- (b) Leave of absence granted pursuant to this clause shall count as service for all purposes of this Agreement.

48. CEREMONIAL LEAVE

An Employee who is legitimately required by Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander tradition to be absent from work for Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander ceremonial purposes will be entitled to up to ten working days unpaid leave in any one year, with the approval of the Employer.

49. LEAVE TO DEAL WITH FAMILY AND DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

- (a) This clause applies to all Employees, including casuals.
- (b) Definitions
 - (i) In this clause:
 - (1) **family and domestic violence** means violent, threatening or other abusive behaviour by a family member of an Employee that seeks to coerce or control the Employee and that causes them harm or to be fearful.

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- (2) family member means:
 - (A) a spouse, de facto partner, child, parent, grandparent, grandchild or sibling of the Employee; or
 - (B) a child, parent, grandparent, grandchild or sibling of a spouse or de facto partner of the Employee; or
 - (C) a person related to the Employee according to Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander kinship rules.
 - (3) A reference to a spouse or de facto partner in the definition of family member in clause (b)(i)(2) includes a former spouse or de facto partner.
 - (c) Entitlement to leave
 - (i) An Employee is entitled to 10 days' leave to deal with family and domestic violence, as follows:
 - (1) The entitlement to leave is paid for full and part time employees and unpaid for casual employees;
 - (2) the leave is available in full at the start of each 12 month period of the Employee's employment; and
 - (3) the leave does not accumulate from year to year;
 - (ii) A period of leave to deal with family and domestic violence may be less than a day by agreement between the Employee and the Employer.
 - (iii) The Employer and Employee may agree that the Employee may take additional unpaid leave to deal with family and domestic violence.
 - (d) Taking leave to deal with family and domestic violence
 - (i) An Employee may take leave to deal with family and domestic violence if the Employee:
 - (1) is experiencing family and domestic violence; and
 - (2) needs to do something to deal with the impact of the family and domestic violence and it is impractical for the Employee to do that thing outside their ordinary hours of work.
 - (ii) The reasons for which an Employee may take leave include making arrangements for their safety or the safety of a family member (including relocation), attending urgent court hearings, or accessing police services.
 - (e) Service and continuity
 - (i) The time an Employee is on leave to deal with family and domestic violence, which is:
 - (1) paid leave – does count as service for all purposes
 - (2) unpaid leave - does not count as service but does not break the Employee's continuity of service

(f) Notice and evidence requirements

(i) Notice

An Employee must give the Employer notice of the taking of leave by the Employee under this clause. The notice:

- (1) must be given to the Employer as soon as practicable (which may be a time after the leave has started); and
- (2) must advise the Employer of the period, or expected period, of the leave.

(ii) Evidence

- (1) An Employee who has given the Employer notice of the taking of leave under this clause must, if required by the Employer, give the Employer evidence that would satisfy a reasonable person that the leave is taken for the purpose specified in clause (d).
- (2) Depending on the circumstances such evidence may include a document issued by the police service, a court or a family violence support service, or a statutory declaration.

(g) Confidentiality

- (i) Employers must take steps to ensure information concerning any notice an Employee has given, or evidence an Employee has provided under clause (f), is treated confidentially, as far as it is reasonably practicable to do so.
- (ii) Nothing in clause (g) prevents the Employer from disclosing information provided by an Employee if the disclosure is required by an Australian law or is necessary to protect the life, health or safety of the Employee or another person.

Note: Information concerning an Employee's experience of family and domestic violence is sensitive and if mishandled can have adverse consequences for the Employee. The Employer may consult with such Employees regarding the handling of this information.

(h) Compliance

An Employee is not entitled to take leave under clause 49 unless the Employee complies with clause 49.

50. EMERGENCY SERVICES LEAVE

- (a) In addition to the NES, an Employee who by reason of a natural disaster such as a bushfire or flood:
 - (i) requires time away from work; or
 - (ii) is required to return home before the usual finishing time;
- (b) to ensure their own safety or for the protection of their property, the Employees will, subject to management approval, be able to:

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- (i) access up to 3 days of paid leave (for any absences on rostered periods of ordinary duty) in any 12 month period;
 - (ii) in addition to the paid leave set out at (b)(i) - utilise accrued annual leave, an accrued day off, time in lieu or unpaid leave.

Part 6 – Ending Employment

51. REDUNDANCY

- (a) The parties agree that it is not desirable to lose the services of Employees through redundancy. It is the parties preferred option to seek redeployment and retraining opportunities within the organisation should the occasion arise.

- (b) Commitment to Consult.

- (i) The parties to this Agreement recognise that redundancy, when it occurs, is both sensitive and traumatic and needs to be handled in a delicate manner.
- (ii) Where the Employer has made a definite decision to introduce a major change to production, program, organisation, structure, or technology in relation to its enterprise; and the change is likely to have a significant effect on Employees of the Employer, the Employer shall consult with affected Employees in accordance with the consultation regarding change provision of this Agreement.

- (c) Redeployment and Retraining

In the event of a position being made redundant, the following shall apply:

- (i) The Employer will actively explore all internal redeployment opportunities for Employees surplus to requirements.
- (ii) An Employee seeking redeployment may be retrained for an available position on condition that the Employee can demonstrate that he or she possesses the necessary capacity for that position.
- (iii) Where retraining is required, the Employer will provide and pay for any training which the Employer deems necessary for the Employee to perform the duties of the position to which the Employee is being redeployed. The Employee will be entitled to undertake this training during work time.
- (iv) All reasonable attempts will be made to ensure that an Employee's area of choice, hours of work, previous employment classification and previous roster patterns are met.

- (d) Notice of Redundancy

- (i) The Employer undertakes to provide the maximum possible notice of the need to make a position(s) redundant. In all cases however, the minimum period of notice for Employees subject to termination will be two (2) weeks.
- (ii) The required period of notice in the event that a position is made redundant is as follows:

Employee's Period of Continuous Service with the Employer
Not more than 3 years

Period of Notice
At least 2 weeks

More than 3 years but not more than 5 years
More than 5 years

At least 3 weeks
At least 4 weeks

The required notice period will be increased by one (1) week if the Employee is over 45 years of age at the time of termination and has completed 2 years' continuous service with the Employer.

(e) Redundancy Package

Where redeployment or retraining opportunities are not available, the separation package to be paid to a redundant Employee is as follows:

(i) Redundancies

- (1) Notice as stipulated in this clause, or payment in lieu thereof
- (2) 2 weeks' pay for each year of service and pro rata to two weeks for the final uncompleted year of service, providing that such payment is no less than the severance prescribed under the NES.
- (3) Full payment of all accrued pro rata long service leave entitlements after five years of service.
- (4) Full payment of all accrued annual leave entitlements including leave loading.

(ii) A week's full pay shall mean

- (1) The weekly base rate for the classification; and
- (2) Any penalties; and
- (3) Any all-purpose work related allowances.

(f) All Employees who are made redundant shall be given assistance by the Employer in seeking suitable alternative employment. Such Employees will be granted time off with pay to seek alternative employment or to make arrangements for training or re-training

(g) Financial Counselling.

- (i) The Employer undertakes to provide access in paid time for each Employee who is offered a redundancy, or who expresses an interest in a redundancy, to consult a financial adviser. The Employer will pay for the initial cost associated with the financial counselling (up to two sessions) from a financial counsellor agreed to by the Employer and the Employee.
- (ii) The Employer will provide to each Employee a fully detailed pay statement at the time when the offer of redundancy is made.

(h) In the event of a permanent position becoming available, the Employer shall take reasonable steps to notify redundant Employees (within 12 months of being made redundant) of such vacancy and the Employee shall be invited to apply.

(i) Provided that in the case where the Employer facilitates acceptable alternative employment for an Employee, including the transfer of all entitlements, the provisions of this redundancy clause shall not apply.

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- (j) Acceptable alternative employment will have been provided where the Employee is transferred to
 - (i) a position which reflects the individual skills of that Employee; and
 - (ii) a position which, as a minimum, provides the same financial and employment benefits (including security of employment) as the position which no longer exists.

52. TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT

- (a) Except for summary dismissal, the services of an Employee shall be terminated by notice as prescribed by *Fair Work Act* or by the payment of salary in lieu thereof.
- (b) The notice as prescribed under the Fair Work Act is as follows:

Period of continuous service Notice	Minimum Period of notice
1 year or less	1 week
More than 1 year but not more than 3 years	2 weeks
More than 3 years but not more than 5 years	3 weeks
More than 5 years	4 weeks

- (c) Employees aged 45 years or older will be entitled to an additional one weeks' notice on completion of at least two years continuous service for all Employees other than casuals.
- (d) No Employee shall, without the consent of the Employer, resign without having given seven days' notice of intention so to do or forfeiting salary earned during the pay period current at the time of resignation; provided that in no circumstances shall the Employee forfeit more than seven days' pay at the rates prescribed for his or her classification, subject to the requirements of s324(1)(b) of the Fair Work Act.
- (e) Upon the termination of the services of an Employee, the Employer shall furnish the Employee with a written statement, duly signed by or on behalf of the Employer, setting out the period of the employment and the capacity in which the Employee was employed.
- (f) Discussions prior to decision to terminate employment

Prior to determining whether to terminate the employment of an Employee on the grounds other than would justify summary dismissal, the Employer shall:

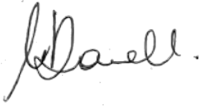
 - (i) inform the Employee that the termination of their employment is being considered; and
 - (ii) advise the Employee of the reasons for possible termination; and
 - (iii) provide the Employee with an opportunity to respond to any allegations regarding their conduct or performance and to show cause why their employment should not be terminated.
 - (iv) An Employee shall be given reasonable time to respond, and shall be provided with details of any relevant material. An Employee who wishes to be represented may, at the request of the Employee, be represented by a

representative of the Employee's choice, which may be a union representative.

Any request by the Employee to meet and discuss the matter shall not be unreasonably refused.

SIGNATORIES

I am authorised to sign this Agreement on behalf of CALVARY HEALTH CARE TASMANIA



CYNTHIA DOWELL
REGIONAL CEO – Vic/Tas

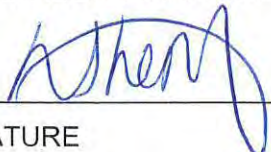
SIGNATURE

PRINT NAME AND TITLE

Address: 551 Blackburn Road, Mt Waverley 3149

Date: 19 May 2021

I am authorised to sign this Agreement as the nominated employee bargaining representative on behalf of AUSTRALIAN NURSING AND MIDWIFERY FEDERATION (TASMANIAN BRANCH)


SIGNATURE

Emily Shepherd, Branch Secretary
PRINT NAME AND TITLE

Address: 182 Macquarie Street,
Hobart, Tas, 7000

Date: 25/05/2021

I am authorised to sign this Agreement as the nominated employee bargaining representative on behalf of the HACSU


SIGNATURE

Tim JACOBSEN - STATE SECRETARY
PRINT NAME AND TITLE

Address: 11 Clare St New Town 7008

Date: 20/5/21

SCHEDULE 1: ROSTERING ARRANGEMENTS THEATRE AND ENDOSCOPY

1. Coverage

A.1 This appendix applies to all **Theatre and Endoscopy Theatre Nurses**. The conditions in this appendix apply to the extent of any inconsistencies with the main body of the Agreement.

2. Hours of work and rosters

2.1 The spread of hours will be 7.00am to 9:30pm, Monday to Saturday and may be extended by mutual agreement – including a 6.30am commencement time by mutual agreement.

2.2 Employees shall be expected to regularly participate in:

- (a) the afternoon shift roster and work a minimum of one afternoon shift per fortnight, excepting Endoscopy Nurses who will be required to work afternoon shifts when rostered to do so (with no minimum afternoon shifts to be worked); and
- (b) the on call roster; and/or weekend roster (where applicable).
For clarity, Endoscopy Nurses employed at Launceston are not expected to participate in the on call roster and therefore do not meet the criteria set out at clause 4.2(a)(ii) to qualify for an additional 1 week of annual leave. Should the Employer's requirements change such that Endoscopy Nurses employed at Launceston meet the criteria set out in clause 2, including 2.2(a) and (b), they will be eligible for an additional 1 week of annual leave.

2.3 Employees will be rostered to work variable shift lengths of 6, 8 and 10 hours, which will be rostered consistent with operating session requirements.

2.4 Shifts of 4 hours or less will be worked by mutual agreement.

2.5 Participation by an Employee on a variable shift length roster will not require the Employee to work any additional days (than a roster based upon an ordinary shift length of 8 hours) in order to fulfil their contracted hours of employment, unless by mutual agreement.

3. Overtime

3.1 Time in lieu of an overtime payment

By mutual agreement, time in lieu of overtime (TOIL) hours may be banked.

Launceston employees only	Time in lieu of overtime hours are banked at the rate of time and one half for a rostered shift greater than 6 and less than 8 hours and double time for shifts greater than 8 hours.
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3.2 Overtime – 10 Hour Shifts

<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Launceston employees Employed on or after 1 January 2018• All Hobart employees	Where an Employee is rostered for a 10 hour shift and works beyond the 10 hours, they will be paid overtime (double time) from 8 hours to the completion of the shift.
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Launceston employees Employed prior to 1 January 2018	Where a 10 hour shift is worked, it will be paid as 8 hours at ordinary time and 2 hours at double time.

4. Annual leave

4.1 Employees may be eligible to accrue a maximum of 6 weeks annual leave per annum, subject to the following:

4.2 Eligibility for five weeks leave

- (a) In addition to the 4 weeks leave prescribed in Clause 39, Annual Leave, Employees will accrue an additional **1 week** of annual leave if:
 - (i) they meet the definition of a **Shift Worker**, as defined in this Agreement at clause 39(b), or
 - (ii) they work in accordance with the arrangements set out at clause 2 of this Schedule – Hours of Work and Rosters.

4.3 Eligibility for six weeks leave

- (a) If an Employee is entitled to 5 weeks of annual leave in accordance with subclause 4.2 above, the Employee will be entitled to accrue a sixth week of annual leave where the Employee works in accordance with the **On Call Roster** as outlined in subclause (b) below.
- (b) For the purposes of this entitlement the Employee must meet the following conditions over a 12-month period, commencing from the first pay period after 1 July each year, inclusive of any periods of leave in the eligibility period. The minimum requirements are for Employees to be:
 - (i) On call for a minimum of 20 weekdays; and
 - (ii) On call for a minimum of 20 weekend days (Saturday or Sunday); and
 - (iii) Recalled to duty for a minimum of 5 occasions.
- (c) Where an on call period (being a continuous period of on call) referred to at subclause (b)(i) and (ii) spans over two calendar days, it will count:
 - (i) as one day for the purposes of the 20 weekdays or weekends; and
 - (ii) as a weekday or weekend on call according to the calendar day upon which the on call commenced.

4.4 When an Employee requests or agrees to take leave on a rostered 10 hours shift, it will be counted as 10 hours at ordinary time

5. Public Holidays

Payment for working a public holiday Employees who work on the Public Holiday will be paid accordingly:	Launceston	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Time worked will be paid at a rate of double timeEffective in year three of this agreement, from the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2021, the public holiday rate will increase to a rate of double time and a half.
	Hobart	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Time worked will be paid at a rate of double time and a half

Payment for a public holiday, rostered but not worked Employees, where if it were not for the Public Holiday, would have worked the public holiday will be paid ordinary time in accordance with the time in which they would have	Launceston	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Will be paid at the ordinary rate for time rostered but not worked.
	Hobart	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Until the commencement of the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2021, Employees will be paid at the rate of time and a half the ordinary rate for time rostered but not worked;On and from the commencement of the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2021, will be

normally been rostered for that day.		paid at the ordinary rate for time rostered but not worked.
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Payment for working a Public Holiday when on call Employees who work on the Public Holiday will be paid accordingly:	Launceston	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Employees working on call on a public holiday will be paid at the ordinary rate for time rostered but not worked. When employees are recalled to work, they will be paid at the ordinary rate for time worked. For clarity, the employee shall receive in the aggregate the equivalent of double time the ordinary rate for such time worked on call on a public holiday. Effective in year three of this agreement, from the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2021, the public holiday rate will increase to a rate of double time and a half and thus employees will be paid at a rate of time and a half for time worked to receive an aggregate of double time and a half for time worked on the day.
	Hobart	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Employees working on call on a public holiday will be paid at the ordinary rate for time rostered but not worked. When employees are recalled to work, they will be paid at a rate of time and a half the ordinary rate for time worked. For clarity, the employee shall receive in the aggregate double time and a half the ordinary rate for such time worked when on call and recalled on a public holiday.

Public Holiday payment and banking when working on a public holiday <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Employees have the option to bank a day in lieu of when working the public holiday. Employees may opt in or out of the banking arrangements once per Calendar year. 	Launceston	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Will be paid at the ordinary rate for time worked Effective in year three of this agreement, from the first full pay period on or after 1 July 2021, the public holiday rate will increase to a rate of double time and a half, and employees will: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> be paid time and a half for time worked on the public holiday; and bank one day of ordinary time.
	Hobart	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Will be paid at a rate of time and a half for time worked Employees will bank one day of ordinary time.

6. Call Back

6.1 Call back for theatre employees who are on call will be read in conjunction with the Call Back Clause 23(b)

6.2 Except where otherwise specifically provided, an employee recalled to work overtime after leaving the employer's premises (whether notified before or after leaving such premises) shall be paid at the appropriate overtime rate applicable to their salary:

- For the first recall a minimum payment of four (4) hours work; and
- For each subsequent recall a minimum payment of three (3) hours work.

6.3 Time spent in getting to and from work is included as part of the minimum payment applied.

6.4 For the purpose of determining when a theatre employee is eligible for a first or subsequent call back payment, the following 'on call' periods shall stand alone and, subject to Clause 10 (Consultation regarding change), may change from time to time based on operational requirements:

Launceston	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Monday to Friday, 6:00 pm to 7:00 am the following day including Saturday;Saturday 7:00am to 7:00am Monday
Lenah Valley	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Monday to Friday 9:00 pm to 7:30 am the following day including Saturday;Saturday 4:00pm to 8:00am Sunday;Sunday 8:00am to 8:00pm;Sunday 8:00pm to 8:00am Monday
St Johns	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Monday to Thursday 7:00pm to 8:00am the following dayFriday 4:00pm to 8:00 am the following day;Saturday 8:00 am to 8:00 am Sunday;Sunday 8:00am to 8:00am Monday

6.5 An employee who is recalled to work within two hours of his or her normal starting time shall be paid at overtime rates with a minimum payment of four hours at double time and then would be paid at ordinary rates for the remainder of that shift.

6.6 Provided that where an employee is recalled to work prior to 5:30am, and where the employee has not had an 8 hour break prior to being recalled to duty, the employee shall be entitled to an eight hour break without loss of pay for ordinary working time occurring during such absence at the cessation of the recall duty, prior to commencing their rostered shift.

6.7 Employees called in where the recall to duty is consecutive with the employees rostered early shift, the employee shall be entitled to an overtime payment for the minimum call back period, with the remaining period of the ordinary rostered shift paid at the relevant ordinary time rate of pay. Overtime provisions will be applied in accordance with the overtime clause where the shift lengths exceed 8 or 10 hours as agreed.

6.8 If on the instructions of the employer such an employee resumes or continues work without having had such eight consecutive hours off duty he/she shall be paid at double time until he/she is released from duty for such period and shall then be entitled to be absent until he/she has eight consecutive hours off duty without loss of pay for ordinary working time occurring during such absence.

6.9 When overtime work is necessary it shall, where reasonably practicable, be so arranged that employees have at least eight consecutive hours off duty between the work of successive days.

SCHEDULE 2: WAGES SCHEDULE

2.1 Hobart:

Classification	FPPOA 1.1.19	Current	FFPPOA 1.7.19	FFPPOA 1.1.20	FFPPOA 1.7.20	FFPPOA 1.7.21
	annual (\$)	hourly (\$)	hourly (\$)	hourly (\$)	hourly (\$)	hourly (\$)
			1.25%	1.25%	2.50%	3%
Enrolled Nurse Medication Endorsed						
1 st year of service (Cert IV Entry)	\$63,908.00	\$32.34	\$32.74	\$33.15	\$33.98	\$35.00
2 nd year of service (Diploma Entry)	\$65,719.00	\$33.26	\$33.68	\$34.10	\$34.95	\$36.00
3 rd year of service	\$67,592.00	\$34.21	\$34.64	\$35.07	\$35.95	\$37.03
Registered Nurse – Level 1						
1 st year of service	\$66,713.00	\$33.76	\$34.18	\$34.61	\$35.47	\$36.54
2 nd year of service	\$69,718.00	\$35.28	\$35.72	\$36.17	\$37.07	\$38.18
3 rd year of service	\$72,812.00	\$36.85	\$37.31	\$37.78	\$38.72	\$39.88
4 th year of service	\$75,968.00	\$38.45	\$38.93	\$39.42	\$40.40	\$41.61
5 th year of service	\$79,033.00	\$40.00	\$40.50	\$41.01	\$42.03	\$43.29
6 th year of service	\$82,156.00	\$41.58	\$42.10	\$42.63	\$43.69	\$45.00
7 th year of service and thereafter	\$85,165.00	\$43.10	\$43.64	\$44.18	\$45.29	\$46.65
Registered Nurse – Level 2						
1 st year of service	\$88,317.00	\$44.70	\$45.26	\$45.82	\$46.97	\$48.38
2 nd year of service	\$90,389.00	\$45.74	\$46.31	\$46.89	\$48.06	\$49.50
3 rd year of service	\$92,375.00	\$46.75	\$47.33	\$47.93	\$49.12	\$50.60
4 th year of service and thereafter	\$94,419.00	\$47.78	\$48.38	\$48.98	\$50.21	\$51.71
Clinical Nurse Specialist						
Year 1	\$97,047.00	\$49.11	\$49.72	\$50.35	\$51.60	\$53.15
Year 2	\$97,931.00	\$49.56	\$50.18	\$50.81	\$52.08	\$53.64
Registered Nurse – Level 3						
1 st year of service	\$100,639.00	\$50.93	\$51.57	\$52.21	\$53.52	\$55.12
2 nd year of service	\$103,001.00	\$52.13	\$52.78	\$53.44	\$54.78	\$56.42
3 rd year of service	\$105,424.00	\$53.35	\$54.02	\$54.69	\$56.06	\$57.74
4 th year of service	\$107,760.00	\$54.53	\$55.21	\$55.90	\$57.30	\$59.02
Clinical Nurse – Manager Level 3						
1 st year of service	\$108,909.00	\$55.12	\$55.81	\$56.51	\$57.92	\$59.66
2 nd year of service	\$111,421.00	\$56.39	\$57.09	\$57.81	\$59.25	\$61.03
3 rd year of service	\$114,025.00	\$57.71	\$58.43	\$59.16	\$60.64	\$62.46
4 th year of service	\$116,571.00	\$58.99	\$59.73	\$60.47	\$61.99	\$63.85
Clinical Nurse – Manager Level 3 (non-managing a clinical unit)						
1 st year of service	\$103,704.35	\$52.48	\$53.14	\$53.80	\$55.15	\$56.80
2 nd year of service	\$106,097.89	\$53.69	\$54.36	\$55.04	\$56.42	\$58.11
3 rd year of service	\$108,576.73	\$54.95	\$55.63	\$56.33	\$57.74	\$59.47

4 th year of service	\$111,000.89	\$56.17	\$56.88	\$57.59	\$59.03	\$60.80
Registered Nurse – Level 3A	\$110,301.00	\$55.82	\$56.52	\$57.22	\$58.65	\$60.41
Registered Nurse – Level 4	\$123,305.00	\$62.40	\$63.18	\$63.97	\$65.57	\$67.54
Nurse Practitioner						
Year 1	\$118,372.00	\$59.90	\$60.65	\$61.41	\$62.94	\$64.83
Year 2	\$121,261.00	\$61.37	\$62.14	\$62.91	\$64.49	\$66.42
Year 3	\$124,148.00	\$62.83	\$63.62	\$64.41	\$66.02	\$68.00

Table 2: Allowances

Allowance	FPPOA 1.1.19	FFPPOA 1.7.19	FFPPOA 1.1.20	FFPPOA 1.7.20	FFPPOA 1.7.21
Cl.23 On Call (per hour)					
Monday to Friday	\$4.60	\$4.66	\$4.72	\$4.83	\$4.98
Saturday, Sunday and Public Holidays	\$5.92	\$5.99	\$6.07	\$6.22	\$6.41
Cl.37 Lead Apron allowance	\$2.04	\$2.07	\$2.09	\$2.14	\$2.21
Cl.31 In Charge Allowance	\$27.34	\$27.68	\$28.03	\$28.73	\$29.59
Cl.34 Preceptor Allowance	\$4.37	\$4.42	\$4.48	\$4.59	\$4.73

Table 3: Overtime Meal Allowance (cl.22)

(paid only when a meal is not provided)	Date of Operation	FFPPOA 1.7.21
> 1 hr OT	\$13.56	\$13.97
> 4 hrs OT	\$12.23	\$12.60

Table 4: Meal Charges (Cl.20(c))

Meal/Snack	FPPOA 1.1.21	1.7.21
Hot or cold main	4.88	5.03
2 courses	6.23	6.42
Soup/ Soup	4.53	4.67

2.2 Launceston:

Classification	FPPOA 1.1.19	Current	FFPPOA 1.1.20	FFPPOA 1.1.21	FFPPOA 1.7.21
	annual (\$)	hourly (\$)	hourly (\$) 2.50%	hourly (\$) 2.50%	hourly (\$) 3%
Enrolled Nurse Medication Endorsed					
1 st year of service (Cert IV Entry)	\$63,908.00	\$32.34	\$33.15	\$33.98	\$35.00
2 nd year of service (Diploma Entry)	\$65,719.00	\$33.26	\$34.09	\$34.94	\$36.00
3 rd year of service	\$67,592.00	\$34.21	\$35.07	\$35.94	\$37.03
Registered Nurse – Level 1					
1 st year of service	\$66,713.00	\$33.76	\$34.60	\$35.47	\$36.54
2 nd year of service	\$69,718.00	\$35.28	\$36.16	\$37.07	\$38.18
3 rd year of service	\$72,812.00	\$36.85	\$37.77	\$38.72	\$39.88
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7 th year of service and thereafter	\$85,165.00	\$43.10	\$44.18	\$45.28	\$46.65
Registered Nurse – Level 2					
1 st year of service	\$88,317.00	\$44.70	\$45.82	\$46.96	\$48.38
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Clinical Nurse – Manager Level 3 (non-managing a clinical unit)					
1 st year of service				\$55.15	\$56.80
2 nd year of service				\$56.42	\$58.11
3 rd year of service				\$57.74	\$59.47
4 th year of service				\$59.03	\$60.80
Registered Nurse – Level 3A	\$110,301.00	\$55.82	\$57.22	\$58.65	\$60.41
Registered Nurse – Level 4	\$123,305.00	\$62.40	\$63.96	\$65.56	\$67.54
Nurse Practitioner					
Year 1	\$118,372.00	\$59.90	\$61.40	\$62.93	\$64.83
Year 2	\$121,261.00	\$61.37	\$62.90	\$64.48	\$66.42
Year 3	\$124,148.00	\$62.83	\$64.40	\$66.01	\$68.00

Table 2: Allowances

Allowance	FFPOA 1.1.19	FFPPOA 1.7.19	FFPPOA 1.7.20	FFPPOA 1.7.21
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Table 4: Meal Charges (CI.20(c))

Meal/Snack	FPPOA 1.1.21	1.7.21
Hot or cold main	4.88	5.03
2 courses	6.23	6.42
Soup/ Soup	4.53	4.67

SCHEDULE 3: CLASSIFICATIONS

Nurse means a nurse registered as such with the Nursing and Midwifery Board of Australia/ AHPRA or a nurse enrolled as such under the provisions of the *Health Practitioner Regulation National Law (Tasmania) Act 2010*, as amended.

Student enrolled nurse means a student undertaking study to become an enrolled nurse.

Enrolled Nurse means a nurse enrolled as such with the Nursing and Midwifery Board of Australia/ AHPRA under the provisions of the *Health Practitioner Regulation National Law (Tasmania) Act 2010*, as amended.

Enrolled Nurse Medication Endorsed "*Medication Endorsement*" shall mean endorsement for the administering of medications as issued by the Nursing and Midwifery Board of Australia/ AHPRA.

Enrolled Nurse (Diploma Entry) means a nurse enrolled as such with the Nursing and Midwifery Board of Australia/ AHPRA under the provisions of the *Health Practitioner Regulation National Law (Tasmania) Act 2010*, as amended, who has completed a relevant diploma qualification. The entry level at commencement for such Employees shall be at the endorsed rate, second (2nd) year of service.

Registered Nurse – Level 1 means a Registered Nurse who is not otherwise classified within a level of Registered Nurse positions.

Registered Nurse - Level 2 means a Registered Nurse who is appointed as such, and:

- has demonstrated competence in basic nursing practice and the ability to provide direct care in more complex nursing care situations; and
- has the ability and skills to provide guidance to Registered Nurses - Level 1; and
- is employed within a clinical unit.

Clinical Nurse Specialist

- The Clinical Nurse Specialist is an expert registered nurse who works with a significant degree of autonomy and whose role exclusively focuses on one particular aspect or area within nursing.
- Responsibilities would include but are not limited to the following:
 - contributing to the ongoing professional development of the specialty;
- The position functions as a clinical resource, a source of nursing knowledge within the specialty, and as such is recognised by the profession and health care providers;

Registered Nurse - Level 3 means a Registered Nurse who is appointed as such, and may be referred to as: Clinical Nurse Consultant or Nurse Unit Manager or Clinical Nurse Educator.

Nurse Unit Manager

Coordinates the delivery of care in a clinical unit and is responsible and accountable for the management of resources within a management unit;

Clinical Nurse Educator

Is responsible for the conduct, evaluation and planning of education programmes and/or staff development for a specified group of nurses, or education programmes for patients/clients and others.

Registered Nurse - Level 3A means a Registered Nurse appointed as such who may be referred to as the After Hours Nursing Coordinator or Evening, Night or Weekend Supervisor and is accountable for the overall provision of patient/client/resident care and the management of resources.

Registered Nurse - Level 4 means a Registered Nurse who is appointed as such and may be referred to as the Nursing Services Coordinator.

Nurse Practitioner is a registered nurse/midwife appointed to the role; has obtained an additional qualification relevant to the regulating authority to enable them to become licensed Nurse practitioners. A Nurse practitioner is authorised to function autonomously and collaboratively in an advanced and extended clinical role.

The nurse practitioner is able to assess and manage the care of clients/residents using nursing knowledge and skills. It is dynamic practice that incorporates application of high level knowledge and skills, beyond that required of a registered nurse /midwife in extended practice across stable, unpredictable and complex situations.

The nurse practitioner role is grounded in the nursing profession's values, knowledge, theories and practice and provides innovative and flexible health care delivery that complements other health care providers.

The scope of practice of the Nurse practitioner is determined by the context in which the nurse practitioner is authorised to practice. The nurse practitioner therefore remains accountable for the practice for which they directed; and the professional efficacy whereby practice is structured in a nursing model and enhanced by autonomy and accountability.

The Nurse practitioner is authorised to directly refer clients/residents to other health professionals, prescribe medications and order diagnostic investigations including pathology and plain screen x-rays. Nurse practitioners exhibit clinical leadership that influences and progresses clinical care, policy and collaboration through all levels of health service.

Registered Nurse - Level 5 means a Registered Nurse who is appointed as Director of Nursing/Director of Clinical Services and who is a member of the executive management team, responsible and accountable for the overall coordination of the Nursing Division.

SCHEDULE 4 PRINCIPLES FOR WORKLOAD MANAGEMENT

The following principles are to be used in staffing each unit/area in order to ensure efficient and effective use of resources.

1. Purpose

The purpose of the principles are to ensure that workloads for Employees are sustainable having regard to the skills, experience and classification of the Employee.

2. CHCT has a duty to allocate and roster nurses in accordance with a process that is consistent with reasonable workload principles

2.1 Reasonable workload principles shall include the application of a Hours per Patient Day (HpPD) model.

2.2 Reasonable workload principles will include at each ward and unit level the Nurse Unit Manager (NUM) consulting with nursing staff to determine the clinical needs of the patients for the purposes of staffing

2.3 The following key principles will be considered for rostering Employees to facilitate the satisfactory staffing of projected workloads:

- Clinical assessment of patient needs;
- The demands of the environment such as ward layout;
- Statutory obligations including workplace safety and health legislation;
- The requirements of nurse regulatory legislation, professional and national standards and specialty practice standards where applicable;
- Reasonable workloads;
- Appropriate skill mix;
- Occupancy levels;
- Admissions, discharges and patient transfers

3. Rostering

- a. The principle of self-rostering applies and this includes requests for specific shifts, days off and ADOs (if applicable).
- b. Rostering practices shall ensure equity in the spread of shifts over the roster period taking into consideration occupancy and clinical requirements.
- c. Employees will be expected to participate in the on-call roster on a voluntary basis.
- d. Shift workers should be available to work days, evenings and night duty.

-
- e. To assist staff in meeting personal needs as well as satisfying organisational requirements shifts of variable lengths may be implemented by written mutual agreement.
- f. The allocation of nurses per shift or to shifts may be adjusted according to patient occupancy/dependency by Nurse Unit Manager or relevant Co-ordinator before ratification of the roster.
- g. Where practical, a Level 2 Nurse is to be rostered on each shift. Where this is not practical, a Level 1 Nurse with appropriate experience shall be rostered. The ratio of 25% of all nursing position at Level 2 will be maintained for the period of this Agreement, subject to availability.
- h. No more than one Level 2 Nurse shall be rostered on each weekend shift subject to unit needs and at the discretion of the Nurse Unit Manager of the unit
- i. Where practical, no more than one Enrolled Nurse shall be rostered on each shift subject to the ward needs and at the discretion of the Nurse Unit Manager of the ward.
- j. Where practical, no more than one Nurse in the Graduate Program shall be rostered on each shift subject to the ward needs and at the discretion of the Nurse Unit Manager of the ward.
- k. Consistent with current practice final ratification and publication of the completed roster is the responsibility of the Nurse Unit Manager.
- l. All roster changes after the roster is ratified, shall be in accordance with the following:
- All changes must be approved on the authorised form.
 - Skill mix is maintained as per the ratified roster.
- Nurse Unit Manager must authorise all changes; in exceptional circumstances the Level 3A Coordinator may authorise a change.
- m. Staff able to work extra shifts should notify the NUM/ Level 3A of their availability. The NUM/ Level 3A is to be notified if individual staff availability changes.
- n. It is the expectation of Calvary Health Care Tasmania that in accordance with requirements of NBT, all Registered Nurses will perform at beginning practice level and as such, staff may be redeployed to an area other than their normal unit and at all times this will be within their scope of practice.
- o. These principles shall apply to all units throughout the Nursing Division.
- p. Level 2 Registered Nurses in collaboration with the NUM will be provided with non-clinical time to undertake portfolio requirements.
- q. Ultimate responsibility for staffing and resource allocation is vested with the Director of Clinical Services or their delegate and nothing in this agreement will limit their ability to make adjustments (in accordance with the Agreement provisions) to staffing that reflect case mix requirements and patient needs.

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- (i) Only those staff with current letters of appointment stating special conditions are exempt from “The Principles” outlined above.
 - (ii) Those staff with special conditions confirmed in a current letter of appointment shall have their special conditions reviewed each 12 months. This will provide the Employer and Employee the opportunity to review the reasons for such an agreement and to establish if the reasons are still valid.
 - (iii) In all cases management will attempt to reach agreement with staff who claim not to be able to meet the requirements of “The Principles”.
 - (iv) Rostering practices established through self rostering shall not constitute custom or practice or exemption from “The Principles”.
 - (v) If all avenues of negotiation with staff to meet “The Principles” do not satisfy the needs of the Hospital then management reserves the right to roster staff to meet such needs in accordance with Agreement provisions.
 - (vi) Those staff without a letter confirming special conditions shall work as rostered in accordance with “The Principles” and the Agreement provisions.

4. Identification, Escalation and Dispute Resolution Procedure

Should any nurse or group of nurses in any ward or unit feel the workloads are unreasonably heavy, on a regular basis, then the matter will be dealt with in accordance with Clause 0 (Staffing Levels) of this Agreement.

5. Training and Education

CHCT will provide training and education to assist staff in understanding the application of the rostering principles. The training will include;

- Workload management processes utilised by Clinical Nurse Managers
- Resource management across campuses responding to acuity and skill mix changes

6. Consultative Committee

CHCT has established a Work Load Management Consultative Committee comprising equal Employer and union representatives.

The terms of reference shall be agreed by the parties and shall include, but not be limited to :

- (a) the planned occupancy of the unit/ward; and
 - the targeted HPPD and FTE.

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- “*CHCT Work Hours Tool*” reports to be tabled at each Consultative Committee Meeting. Furthermore, direct and indirect nursing hours can be requested by the parties and in that case, will be provided for the consultative committee meeting members on a confidential basis.
 - at the completion of each month, the actual HPPD will be documented.
 - the impact of personal leave in respect to HPPD
 - the composition of HPPD and the comparisons of HPPD to similar services in Calvary and other private hospitals.